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GENERAL INFORMATION

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GENERAL GUIDE LINES AND PRECAUTIONS

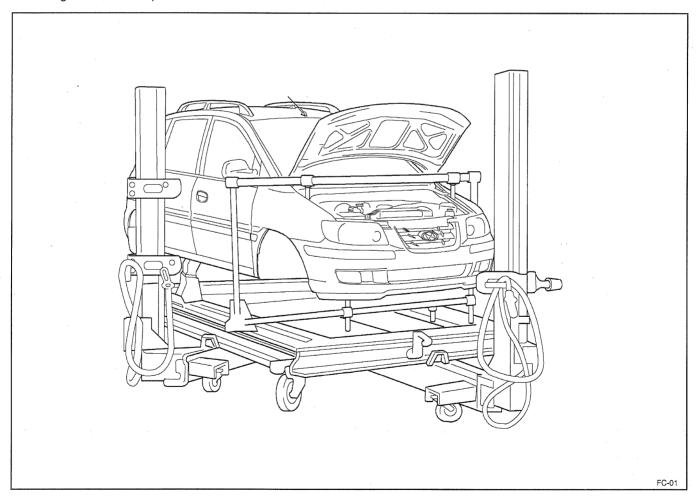
The Hyundai MATRIX is a completely new vehicle design. During its development, close attention has been given to safety, stability, weight and corrosion protection. Typical of unit body design, the Hyundai MATRIX is designed so that the front and rear compartments will absorb much of the collision energy so that the passengers are better protected. During collisions, these front and rear energy absorbing systems may be severely damaged. During repair, these damaged areas must be returned to their original strength and geometry. If this is not properly done, the vehicle will not provide the intended level of protection to its occupants in the event of another collision.

The repairs described in this manual were performed on MATRIX body shells. In some instances special fixtures were welded in place to support the structure. During the repair of an actual vehicle, the interior would be fully disassembled and standard jack screws or portable braces may be used for temporary support.

During the repair of an accident involved vehicle, the vehicle must first be returned to pre-impact dimensions prior to beginning the sectioning repair procedures. The extent of damage that must be repaired should then be evaluated to determine the appropriate repair procedures. This manual provides locations and procedures where structural sectioning may be employed. It is the responsibility of the repair technician, based upon the extent of damage, to determine which location and procedure is suitable for the particular damaged vehicle.

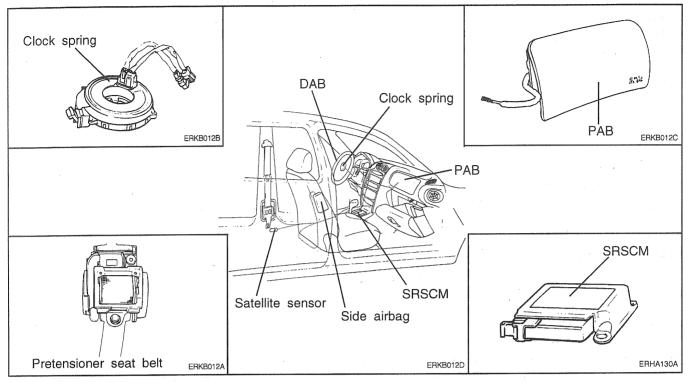
During the repair of a collision damaged automobile, it is impossible to fully duplicate the methods used in the factory during the vehicle manufacture. Therefore, auto body repair techniques have been developed to provide a repair that has strength properties equivalent to those of the original design and manufacture.

Certain guidelines and precaution are noted as follows.



SRS AIRBAG

SYSTEM COMPONENT



The Hyundai MATRIX is equipped with a Supplemental Restraint System (AIRBAG) to provide the vehicle's driver and/or the front passenger with additional protection than that offered by the seat-belt system alone, in case of a frontal or lateral impact of sufficient severity.

When handling airbag components (removal, installation or inspection, etc.), always follow the directions given in the repair manual for the relevant model to prevent the occurrence of accidents and airbag malfunction.

Also take the following precautions when repairing the body:

- 1. Work must be started after approximately 30 seconds or longer from the time the ignition switch is turned to the LOCK position and the negative (-) terminal cable is disconnected from the battery. (The airbag system is equipped with a back-up power source so that if work is started within 30 seconds of disconnecting the negative (-) terminal cable of the battery, the airbag may be deployed.)

 When the negative(-) terminal cable is disconnected from the battery, memory of the clock and audio systems will be cancelled. So before starting work, make a record of the contents memorized by the audio memory system. Then when work is finished, reset the audio system as before and adjust the clock.
- 2. When using electric welding, first disconnect the SRSCM connectors under the lower crash pad center.
- 3. Store the airbag module where the ambient temperature remains below 80°C (176°F), without high humidity and away from electrical noise.
- 4. WARNING/CAUTION labels are attached to the periphery of the airbag components. Refer to the MATRIX SHOP MANUAL.

ELECTRONIC PARTS

Vehicles today include a great many electronic parts and components, and these are in general very susceptible to adverse effects caused by over current, reverse current, electromagnetic waves, high temperature, high humidity impacts, etc..

In particular such electronic components can be damaged if there is a large current flow during welding from the body side.

Therefore, take the following precautions during body repair to prevent damage to the CONTROL MODULES (ECM, TCM, ABS CM, SRS CM, etc.)

- 1. Before removing and inspecting the electrical parts or before starting electric welding operations, disconnect the negative (-) terminal cable from the battery.
- 2. Do not expose the CONTROL MODULES to ambient temperatures above 80°C (176°F).

NOTE .

If it is possible the ambient temperatures may reach 80°C (176°F) or more, remove the CONTROL MODULES from the vehicle before starting work.

3. Be careful not to drop the CONTROL MODULES and not to apply physical shocks to them.

CORROSION PROTECTION AND SEALING

Proper corrosion protection and sealing is an important part of any repair. When reviewing these repair procedures, it is important to recognize the need for corrosion restoration to provide for long term strength of the repaired member.

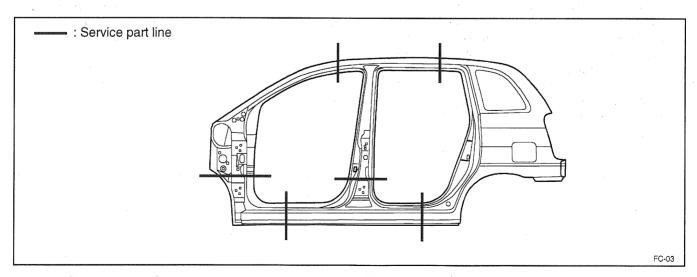
A two part epoxy primer was applied to the metal surfaces during the latter part of the repair. For closed sections, such as front and rear rails, rocker panels and pillars, the primer is applied without applying the metal conditioner and the conversion coating. These steps are omitted to insure that no rinse water is trapped in the closed sections. The primer application is followed by an application of an oil or wax based on rust proofing material.

After the corrosion restoration process for the closed sections are completed, then the process can be applied to all exterior sections. For exterior surfaces, both metal conditioner and conversion coating treatments are applied to the exterior surface prior to application of the epoxy primer. The procedure in applying the corrosion restoration process is important in order to insure that moisture, due to the water rinsing of the metal conditioner and conversion coating is not inadvertently trapped inside any closed section before the epoxy primer and rust proofing materials have been applied.

Appropriate seam sealers are then applied to all joints. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for the appropriate type of seam sealer to be used at each seam or joint.

SIDE BODY PANELS

The side body panel for MATRIX is designed and stamped as single piece of sheet metal in factory as shown in the figure. While the entire side panel is available for service, the partial panels sectioned by several damaged areas are also available. Therefore when repairing side body, select and use the appropriate part.



WELDING

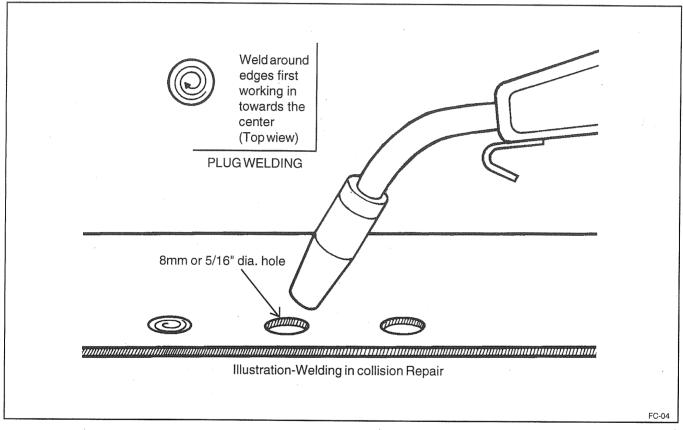
All repairs in this manual require the use of a Metal-Inert Gas (MIG) welder, Gas (oxyacetylene) welding must not be used.

Both high strength steel and mild steel can be welded using the MIG welder. The I-CAR recommendations for welding should be followed. The shielding gas should be 75% Argon and 25% CO_{\circ} .

The recommended welding wire size is 0.23" and the wire should satisfy the American Welding Society Standard code AWSER70S-6.

During the repair process, plug welds are used to duplicate original factory spot welds. All plug welds should be done with the MIG welder. An 8 mm (5/16") hole is placed in the top (welding side) sheet metal.

You then begin welding along the edges and the spiral towards the center (see illustration). This is important so that weld penetration between the two metal pieces may take place along the circumference of the circle.



SAFETY FACTORS

Disconnect the negative(-) battery cable before performing any work on the vehicle.

Protect yourself by wearing goggles, earplugs, respirators, gloves, safety shoes, caps, etc. when working on a vehicle.

Safely support the vehicle before any work is done. Block the front or rear wheels if the vehicle is not lifted off of the ground.

Cap or remove the fuel tank when working on the rear section of the car.

Insure proper ventilation of your working area. Some paint and sealant can generate toxic gases when heated. Use an air chisel or saw to remove damaged panels instead of a gas torch.

Observe all local and national safety regulations when performing any work.

Cover interior with heat-resistant cover to insure safety when welding.

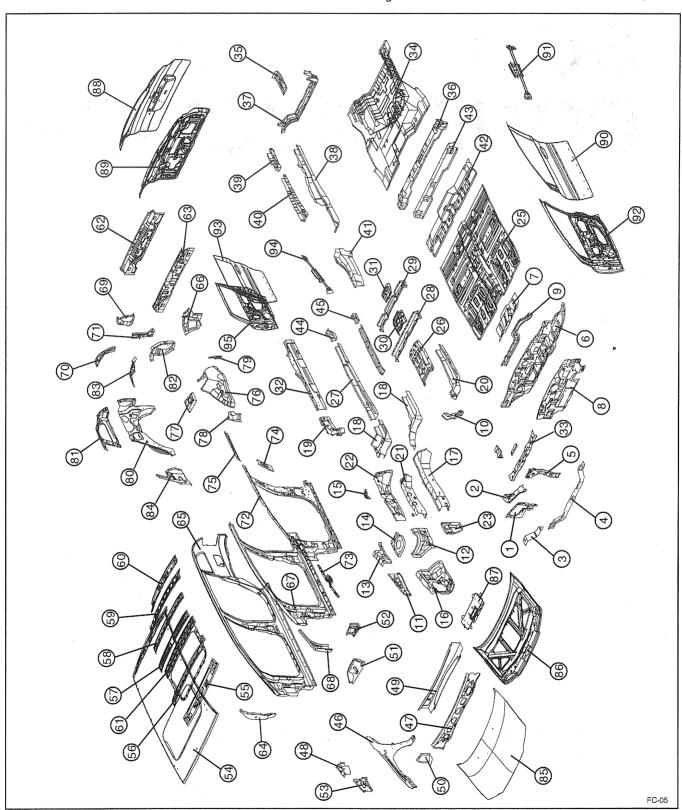
Take care when using gas or cutting torches so as not to burn body sealer or interior. Extinguish immediately if they should catch fire.

BODY CONSTRUCTION

BC

BODY COMPONENTS

Body construction will sometimes differ depending on specifications and country of destination. Therefore, please keep in mind that the information contained herein is based on vehicles for general destination.



BODY CONSTRUCTION - Body components

- 1. Head lamp support panel(LH/RH)
- 2. Radiator support upper side member(LH/RH)
- 3. Radiator lower inner extension (LH/RH)
- 4. Radiator lower outer member
- 5. Radiator support center member
- 6. Dash panel
- 7. Dash to center floor member
- 8. Dash panel anti pad
- 9. Dash cross center member
- 10. Dash cross side member(LH/RH)
- 11. Fender apron outer member (LH/RH)
- 12. Fender apron inner panel (LH/RH)
- 13. Fender apron inner front bracket (LH/RH)
- 14. Front shock absorber cover panel(LH/RH)
- 15. Fender apron to cowl gusset(LH/RH)
- 16. Fender apron outer member (LH/RH)
- 17. Front side inner member(LH/RH)
- 18. Front side rear lower member(LH/RH)
- 19. Front side member inner rear reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 20. Front side member rear lower extension(LH/RH)
- 21. Front side member inner front reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 22. Front side outer member
- 23. Front side member outer front extension(LH/RH)
- 24. Front side rear upper member(LH/RH)
- 25. Center floor panel
- 26. Transmission gear shift mounting reinforcement
- 27. Center floor side outer member
- 28. Center floor front cross center member
- 29. Center floor rear cross center member
- 30. Parking brake lever mounting reinforcement
- 31. Parking brake cable mounting bracket
- 32. Side sill inner panel (LH/RH)
- 33. Radiator support upper center member
- 34. Rear floor panel
- 35. Rear towing hook bracket
- 36. Rear seat rear mounting member
- 37. Rear floor center cross member
- 38. Rear floor side member(LH/RH)
- 39. Rear bumper mounting reinforcement
- 40. Rear side member reinforcement
- 41. Side sill inner rear panel(LH/RH)
- 42. Rear floor front extension
- 43. Rear floor front cross member
- 44. Center floor side member rear extension(LH/RH)
- 45. Fuel tank front mounting bracket
- 46. Fenderpanel(LH/RH)
- 47. Cowl front outer panel
- 48. Cowl side outer panel (LH/RH)
- 49. Cowl inner lower panel

- 50. Cowl side inner lower panel (LH/RH)
- 51. Cowl cross member lower support
- 52. Cowl inner bulk head
- 53. Cowl side upper outer member
- 54. Roof panel
- 55. Rood front rail
- 56. Roof center front rail
- 57. Roor center rail
- 58. Roof center rear rail
- 59. Roof rear upper rail
- 60. Roof rear lower rail
- 61. Sun roof reinforcement ring
- 62. Back panel
- 63. Rear transverse member
- 64. Fender insulator
- 65. Side outer panel(LH/RH)
- 66. Quarter outer rear lower extension (LH/RH)
- 67. Side outer reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 68. Front door upper mounting reinforcement (LH/RH)
- 69. Rear combination lamp housing panel(LH/RH)
- 70. Quarter outer rear upper extension (LH/RH)
- 71. Quarter outer rear center extension(LH/RH)
- 72. Side inner panel (LH/RH)
- 73. Front inner upper pillar reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 74. Front seat belt upper mounting bracket(LH/RH)
- 75. Roof side inner rail(LH/RH)
- 76. Wheel house inner panel (LH/RH)
- 77. Rear spring house cover(LH/RH)
- 78. Wheel house inner front extension(LH/RH)
- 79. Wheel house inner rear extension(LH/RH)
- 80. Quarter inner lower panel (LH/RH)
- 81. Quarter inner upper panel (LH/RH)
- 82. Rear pillar inner lower reinforcement (LH/RH)
- 83. Rear pillar inner upper reinforcement (LH/RH)
- 84. Quarter pillar inner reinforcement (LH/RH)
- 85. Hood outer panel
- 86. Hood inner panel
- 87. Hood outer rail
- 88. Tail gate outer panel
- 89. Tail gate inner panel
- 90. Front door outer panel (LH/RH)
- 91. Front door lower beam(LH/RH)
- 92. Front door inner panel (LH/RH)
- 93. Reardoor outer panel (LH/RH)
- 94. Reardoorlowerbeam(LH/RH)
- 95. Reardoorinnerpanel(LH/RH)

ZINC-GALVANIZED STEEL PANELS

Because galvanized steel panel has excellent resistance, it is used in areas which have a high possibility of painting deficiency below.



BODY CONSTRUCTION - Zinc-galvanized steel panels

- 1. Head lamp support panel(LH/RH)
- 2. Radiator support upper side member(LH/RH)
- 3. Radiator lower inner extension (LH/RH)
- 4. Radiator lower outer member
- 5. Radiator support center member
- 6. Dash panel
- 7. Fender apron outer member (LH/RH)
- 8. Fender apron inner panel (LH/RH)
- 9. Fender apron inner front bracket(LH/RH)
- 10. Front shock absorber cover panel(LH/RH)
- 11. Fender apron to cowl gusset(LH/RH)
- 12. Fender apron outer member (LH/RH)
- 13. Front side inner member(LH/RH)
- 14. Front side rear lower member(LH/RH)
- 15. Front side member inner rear reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 16. Front side member rear lower extension(LH/RH)
- 17. Front side member inner front reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 18. Front side outer member
- 19. Front side member outer front extension(LH/RH)
- 20. Front side rear upper member(LH/RH)
- 21. Center floor panel
- 22. Center floor side outer member
- 23. Center floor front cross center member
- 24. Center floor rear cross center member
- 25. Parking brake lever mounting reinforcement
- 26. Parking brake cable mounting bracket
- 27. Side sill inner panel (LH/RH)
- 28. Rear floor panel
- 29. Rear towing hook bracket
- 30. Rear seat rear mounting member
- 31. Rear floor center cross member
- 32. Rear floor side member(LH/RH)
- 33. Rear bumper mounting reinforcement
- 34. Rear side member reinforcement
- 35. Side sill inner rear panel(LH/RH)
- 36. Rear floor front extension
- 37. Center floor side member rear extension(LH/RH)
- 38. Fuel tank front mounting bracket
- 39. Fenderpanel(LH/RH)
- 40. Cowl front outer panel
- 41. Cowl side outer panel (LH/RH)
- 42. Cowl inner lower panel
- 43. Cowl side inner lower panel (LH/RH)
- 44. Cowl inner bulk head
- 45. Back panel

- 46. Rear transverse member
- 47. Side outer panel(LH/RH)
- 48. Quarter outer rear lower extension (LH/RH)
- 49. Side outer reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 50. Front door upper mounting reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 51. Rear combination lamp housing panel(LH/RH)
- 52. Side inner panel (LH/RH)
- 53. Wheel house inner panel (LH/RH)
- 54. Rear spring house cover(LH/RH)
- 55. Wheel house inner front extension(LH/RH)
- 56. Wheel house inner rear extension(LH/RH)
- 57. Quarter inner lower panel (LH/RH)
- 58. Hood outer panel
- 59. Hood inner panel
- 60. Hood outer rail
- 61. Tail gate outer panel
- 62. Front door outer panel (LH/RH)
- 63. Front door inner panel (LH/RH)
- 64. Reardoorlowerbeam(LH/RH)
- 65. Reardoorinnerpanel(LH/RH)

HIGH STRENGTH STEEL PANELS

Because High strength steel panel has excellent resistance, it is used in areas which have a high possibility of painting deficiency below.

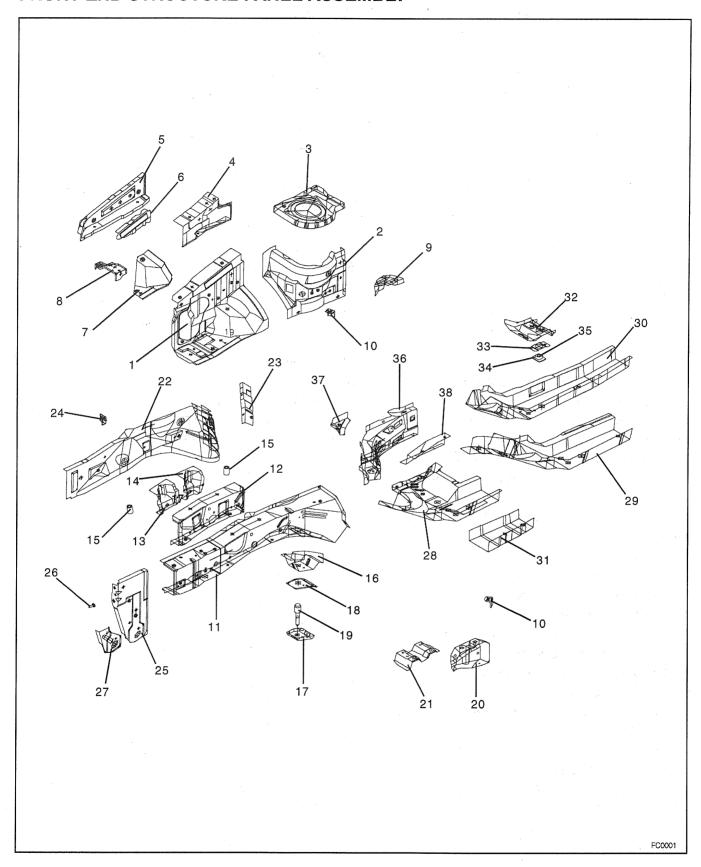


BODY CONSTRUCTION - High-strength steel panels

- 1. Radiator lower inner extension (LH/RH)
- 2. Radiator lower outer member
- 3. Radiator support center member
- 4. Dash panel
- 5. Dash to center floor member
- 6. Dash cross center member
- 7. Dash cross side member
- 8. Fender apron outer member (LH/RH)
- 9. Fender apron inner panel (LH/RH)
- 10. Fender apron inner front bracket(LH/RH)
- 11. Front shock absorber cover panel(LH/RH)
- 12. Fender apron to cowl gusset(LH/RH)
- 13. Fender apron outer member (LH/RH)
- 14. Front side inner member(LH/RH)
- 15. Front side rear lower member (LH/RH)
- 16. Front side member inner rear reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 17. Front side member rear lower extension(LH/RH)
- 18. Front side member inner front reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 19. Front side outer member
- 20. Front side member outer front extension(LH/RH)
- 21. Front side rear upper member(LH/RH)
- 22. Center floor panel
- 23. Transmission gear shift mounting reinforcement
- 24. Center floor side outer member
- 25. Center floor front cross center member
- 26. Parking brake lever mounting reinforcement
- 27. Parking brake cable mounting bracket
- 28. Side sill inner panel (LH/RH)
- 29. Rear floor panel
- 30. Rear towing hook bracket
- 31. Rear seat rear mounting member
- 32. Rear floor center cross member
- 33. Rearfloor side member(LH/RH)
- 34. Rear bumper mounting reinforcement
- 35. Rear side member reinforcement
- 36. Side sill inner rear panel(LH/RH)
- 37. Rear floor front cross member
- 38. Center floor side member rear extension(LH/RH)
- 39. Fuel tank front mounting bracket
- 40. Fenderpanel(LH/RH)
- 41. Cowl front outer panel
- 42. Cowl side outer panel(LH/RH)
- 43. Cowl inner bulk head
- 44. Cowl side upper outer member
- 45. Roof front rail

- 46. Roof center front rail
- 47. Roof center rail
- 48. Roof center rear rail
- 49. Roof rear upper rail
- 50. Roof rear lower rail
- 51. Sun roof reinforcement ring
- 52. Side outer reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 53. Front door upper mounting reinforcement (LH/RH)
- 54. Side inner panel (LH/RH)
- 55. Front inner upper pillar reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 56. Front seat belt upper mounting bracket(LH/RH)
- 57. Roof side inner rail(LH/RH)
- 58. Wheel house inner panel (LH/RH)
- 59. Rear spring house cover(LH/RH)
- 60. Quarter inner lower panel (LH/RH)
- 61. Rear pillar inner lower reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 62. Rear pillar inner upper reinforcement (LH/RH)
- 63. Quarter pillar inner reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 64. Hood outer panel
- 65. Hood outer rail
- 66. Tail gate outer panel
- 67. Front door outer panel (LH/RH)
- 68. Reardoorouterpanel(LH/RH)
- 69. Reardoorlowerbeam(LH/RH)

FRONT END STRUCTURE PANEL ASSEMBLY

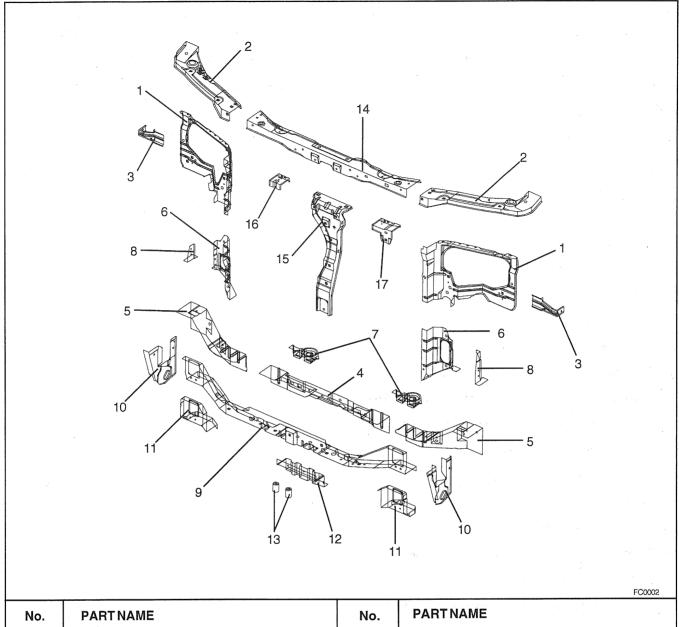


BODY CONSTRUCTION - Front end structure

- 1. Fender apron outer panel (LH/RH)
- 2. Fender apron inner panel (LH/RH)
- 3. Front shock absorber cover panel(LH/RH)
- 4. Fender apron inner front bracket(LH/RH)
- 5. Fender apron outer member (LH/RH)
- 6. Body no mounting reinforcement
- 7. Engine side mounting reinforcement
- 8. Fender mounting bracket(LH/RH)
- 9. Fender apron to cowl gusset(LH/RH)
- 10. Air cleaner & relay box bracket
- 11. Front side inner member(LH/RH)
- 12. Front side member inner reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 13. Engine mounting front bracket
- 14. Enigne mounting rear bracket
- 15. Sub frame front mounting pipe
- 16. Cross member mounting front bracket(LH/RH)
- 17. Cross member mounting front reinforcement (LH/RH)
- 18. Cross member mounting front support(LH/RH)
- 19. Cross member mounting stud bolt
- 20. Transmission mounting front bracket
- 21. Battery tray bracket
- 22. Front side outer member(LH/RH)
- 23. Front side member outer rear bracket(LH/RH)
- 24. Brake hose mounting bracket
- 25. Front side member outer front extension(LH/RH)
- 26. Guide pin
- 27. Shipping hook mounting bracket(LH/RH)
- 28. Front side rear lower member(LH/RH)
- 29. Front side rear upper member(LH/RH)
- 30. Front side rear lower extension(LH/RH)
- 31. Front side rear lower reinforcement
- 32. Cross member mounting rear bracket(LH/RH)
- 33. Cross member mounting rear support

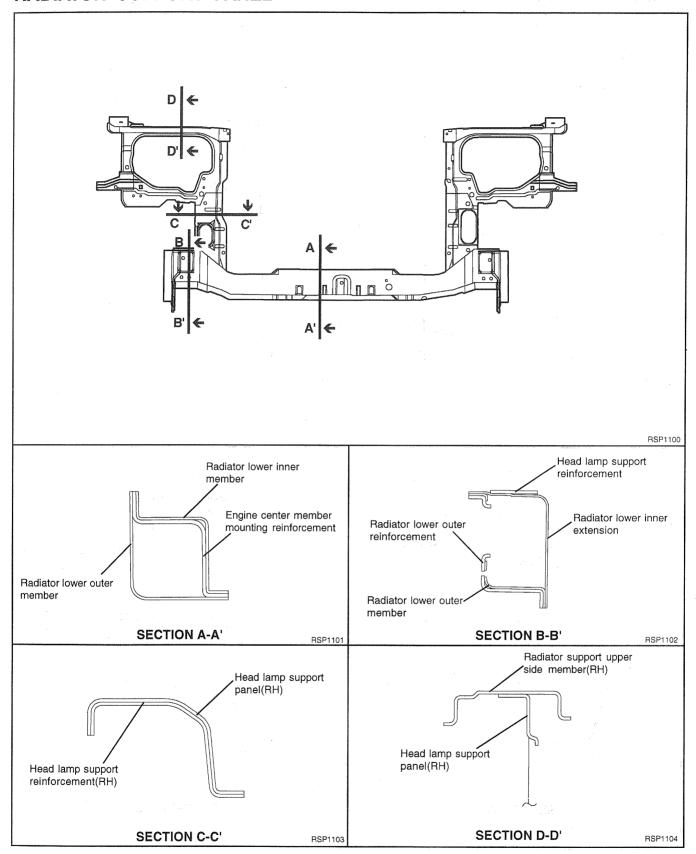
- 34. Sub frame mounting front plate
- 35. Nut(M14)
- 36. Front side member inner rear reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 37. Front side member inner rear gusset(LH/RH)
- 38. Side sill front lower reinforcement(LH/RH)

RADIATOR SUPPORT PANEL

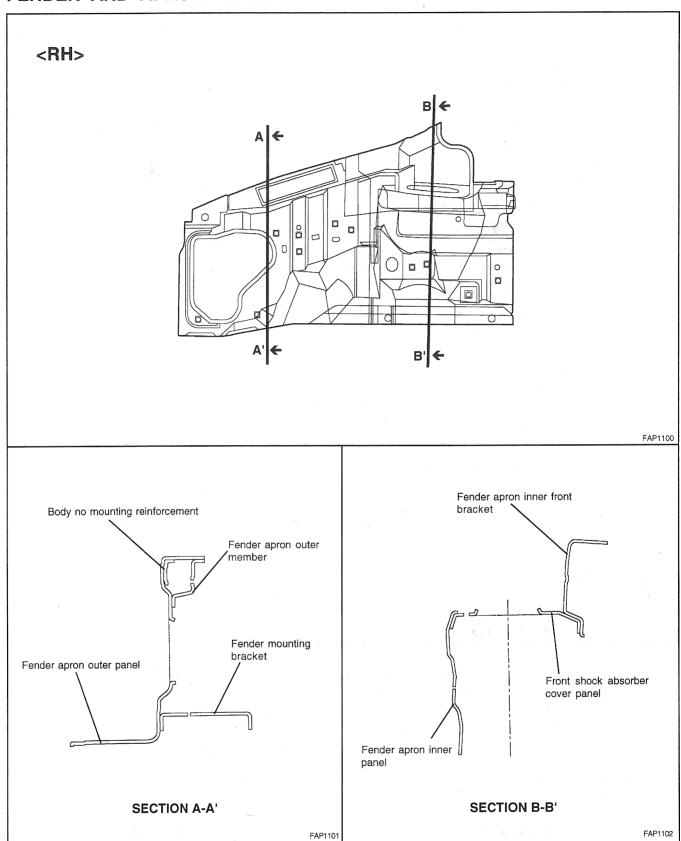


No.	PARTNAME	No.	PARTNAME
1	Head lamp support panel(LH/RH)	12	Engine center member front mounting reinforce-
2	Radiator support upper side member(LH/RH)		ment
3	Front bumper mounting reinforcement(LH/RH)	13	Sub frame front mounting pipe
4	Radiatorlowerinnermember	14	Radiator support upper center member
5	Radiatorlowerinnerextension(LH/RH)	15	Radiator support center member
6	Head lamp support reinforcement(LH/RH)	16	Radiator upper mounting reinforcement
7	Radiator lower mounting bracket	17	Horn mounting bracket
8	Head lamp support guasset(LH/RH)		
9	Radiatorloweroutermember		
10	Front shipping hook bracket(LH/RH)		
11	Radiator lower outer reinforcement		

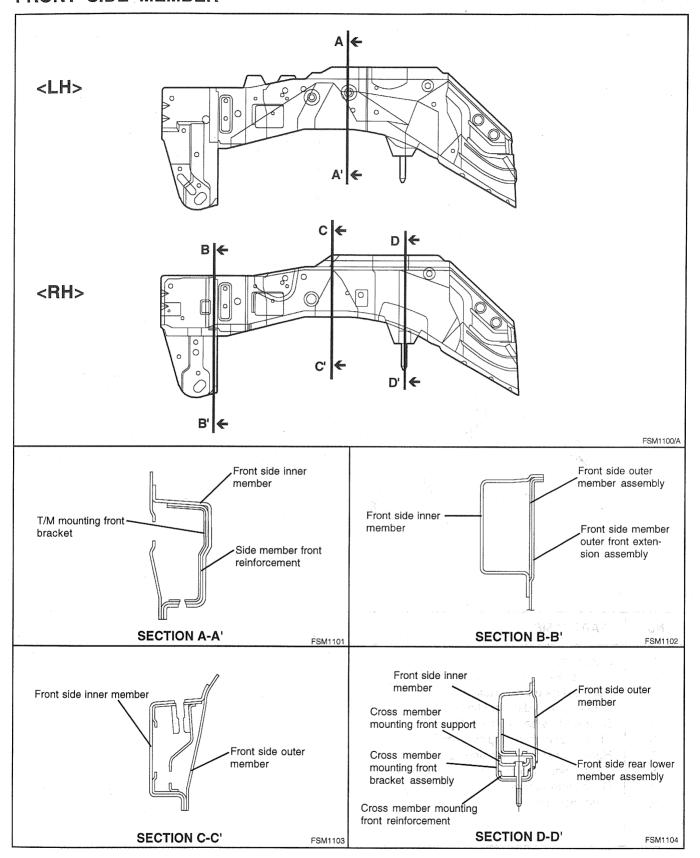
RADIATOR SUPPORT PANEL



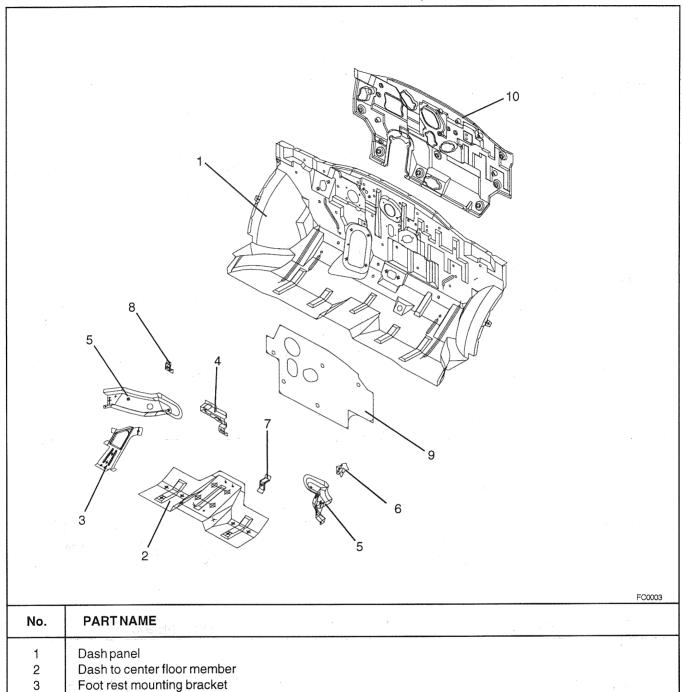
FENDER AND APRON PANEL



FRONT SIDE MEMBER

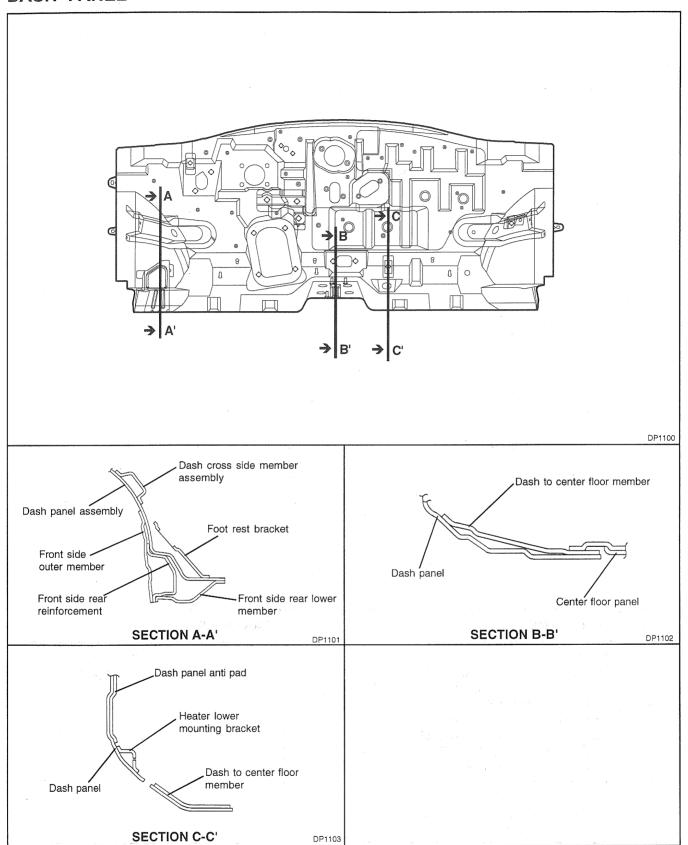


DASH PANEL

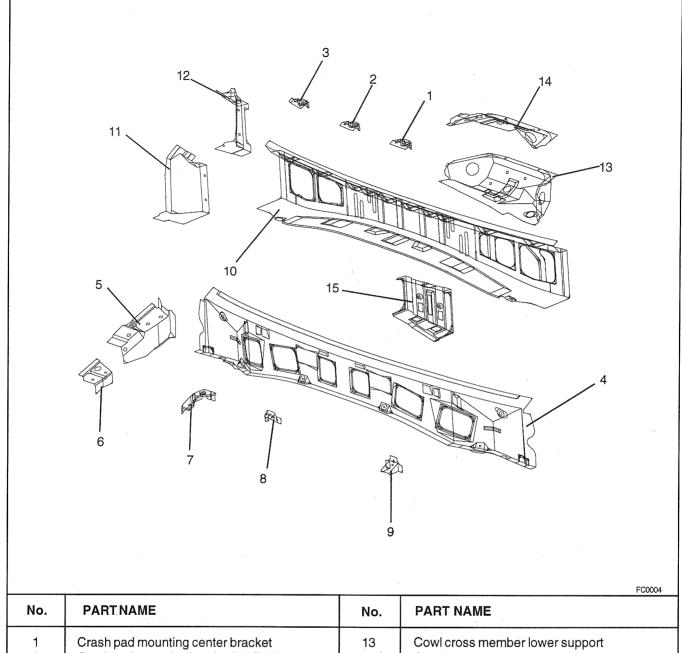


No.	PARTNAME					FC000
	(2) 据[[[4]]] [[1]]	 	·	 	 *	
1	Dashpanel					-
2	Dash to center floor member					
3	Foot rest mounting bracket					,
4	Accelerator pedal mounting bracket					
5	Dash cross side member(LH/RH)					
6	Blower lower mounting bracket(RH)					
7	Heater lower mounting brakcet(RH)					
.8	T.C.U. mounting bracket					
9	Dash panel anti pad					
10	Dashinsulator					
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DASH PANEL

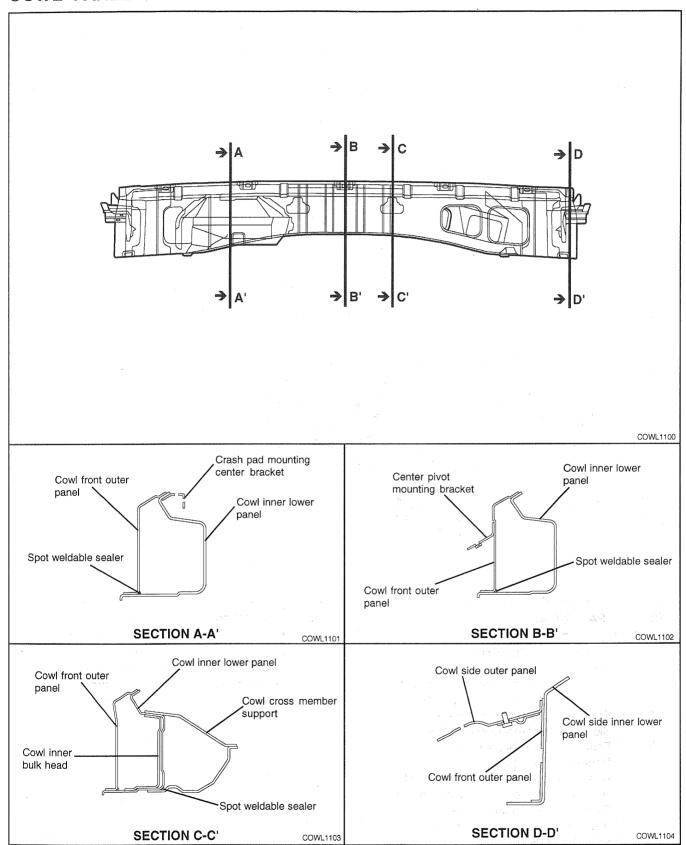


COWL PANEL

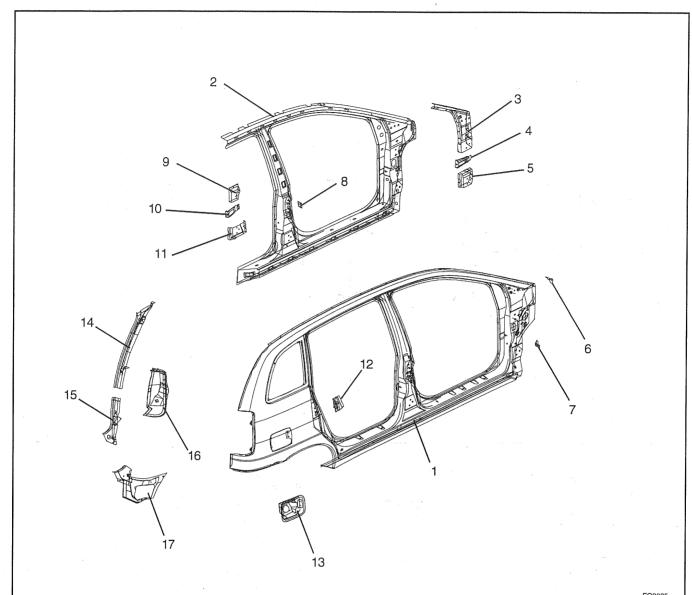


Crash pad mounting bracket(LH/RH) 2 Cowl cross member upper support 14 3 Crash pad mounting bracket(LH/RH) Cowl inner bulk head 15 4 Cowl front outer panel 5 Cowl side outer panel(LH/RH) 6 Hood hinge mounting bracket(LH/RH) Driver pivot mounting bracket(LH/RH) 7 Front windshield mounting bracket(LH/RH) 8 9 Center pivot mounting bracket Cowl inner lower panel 10 Cowl side inner lower panel (LH/RH) 11 12 Cowl side inner extension(LH/RH)

COWL PANEL

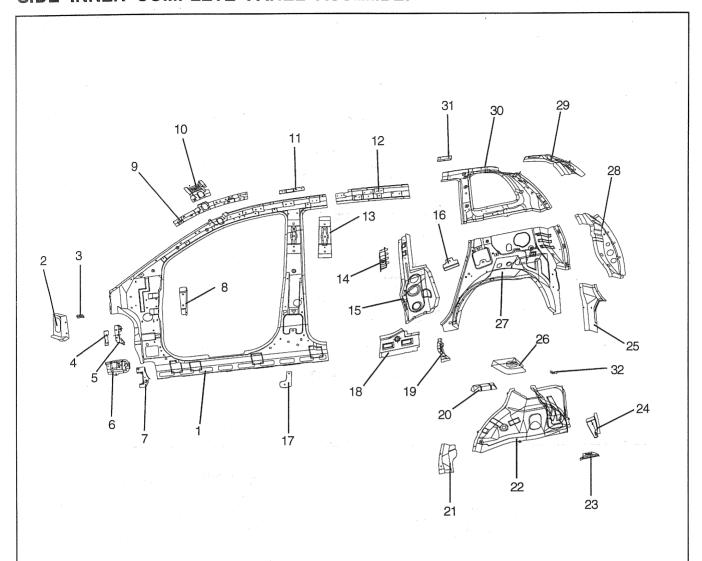


SIDE OUTER COMPLETE PANEL ASSEMBLY



PART NAME No. **PARTNAME** No. Side outer panel (LH/RH) 1 14 Quarter outer rear upper extension (LH/RH) 2 Side outer reinforcement(LH/RH) 15 Quarter outer rear center extension (LH/RH) 3 Front door upper mounting reinforcement (LH/RH) 16 Rear combination lamp housing panel (LH/RH) Front door checker mounting bracket(LH/RH) 4 17 Quarter outer rear lower extension (LH/RH) Front door lower mounting bracket(LH/RH) 5 6 Side outer front extension (LH/RH) 7 Fender mounting bracket(LH/RH) Door lock striker plate 8 Rear door upper mounting bracket(LH/RH) 9 10 Reardoor checker mounting bracket (LH/RH) Rear door lower mounting bracket(LH/RH) 11 Rear door striker retainer(LH/RH) 12 Fuel filler housing 13

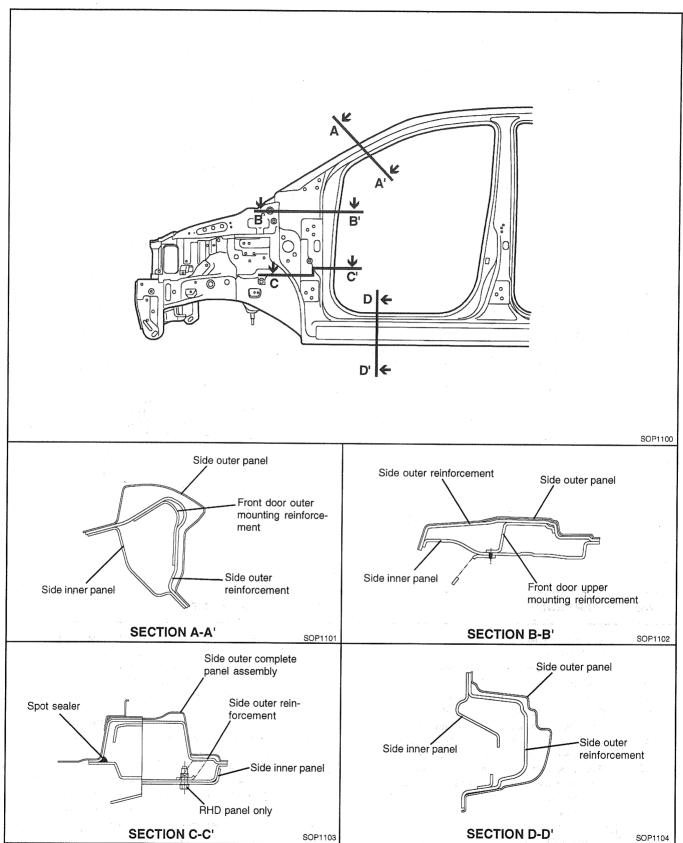
SIDE INNER COMPLETE PANEL ASSEMBLY



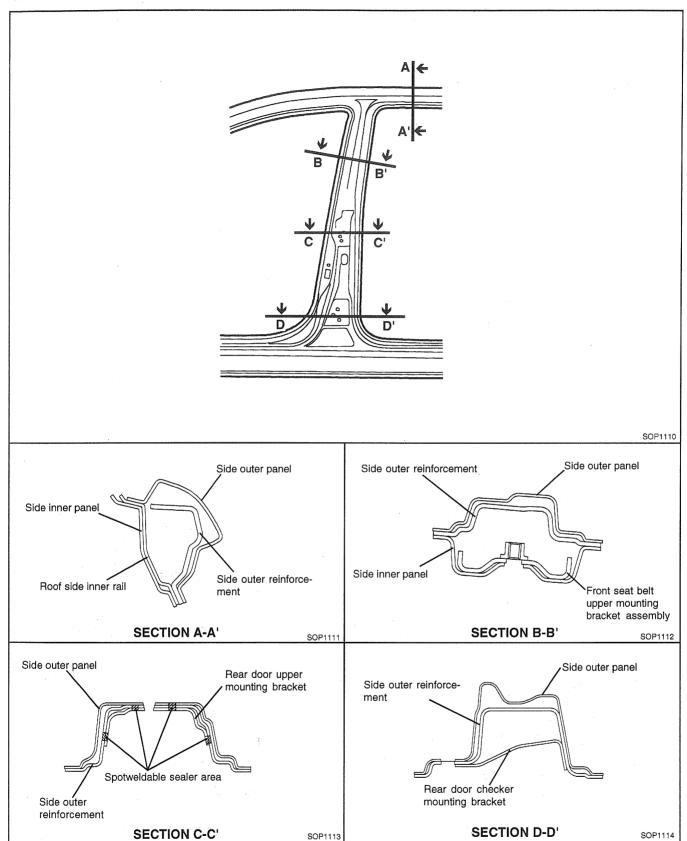
FC0006

No.	PARTNAME	No.	PART NAME
No. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Side inner panel(LH/RH) Cowl side mounting extension(LH/RH) Electronic control unit mounting bracket(RH) Cowl cross bar mounting front bracket(LH/RH) Cowl cross bar mounting bracket(LH/RH) Dash cross member extension(LH/RH) Fire extinguisher mounting bracket(LH/RH) Crash pad upper side mounting bracket(LH/RH) Front pillar inner upper reinforcement(LH/RH) Front pillar inner upper extension(LH/RH) Sun roof & assist handle mounting bracket(LH/RH) Roof side inner rail(LH/RH) Front seat belt upper mounting bracket(LH/RH)	No. 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Front seat belt lower mounting bracket(LH/RH) Quarter inner front extension(LH/RH) Quarter inner front side extension(LH/RH) Rear spring house gusset(LH/RH) Wheel house inner front extension(LH/RH) Wheel house inner panel(LH/RH) Wheel house inner rear gusset(LH/RH) Wheel house inner rear extension(LH/RH) Quarter inner rear extension(LH/RH) Rear spring house cover(LH/RH) Quarter inner lower panel(LH/RH) Rear pillar inner lower reinforcement(LH/RH) Rear pillar inner upper reinforcement(LH/RH)
14 15 16	Rear seat belt assist upper reinforcement(LH/RH) Quarter pillar inner reinforcement(LH/RH) Rear seat belt reel mounting reinforcement(LH/RH)	30 31 32	Quarter inner upper panel(LH/RH) Roof rack rear mounting bracket(LH/RH) Rear wheel guard mounting bracket

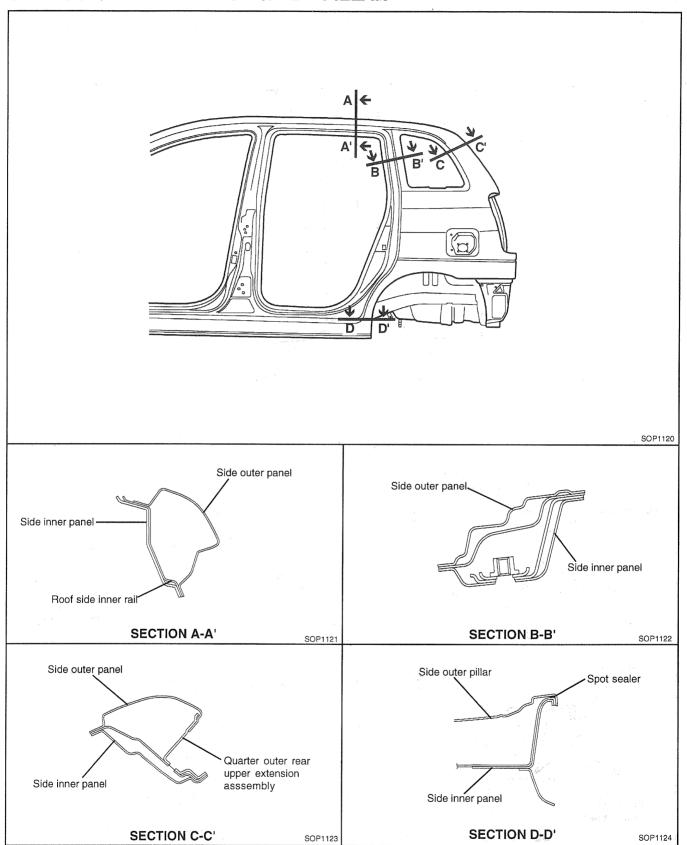
SIDE OUTER PANEL: "A" PILLAR



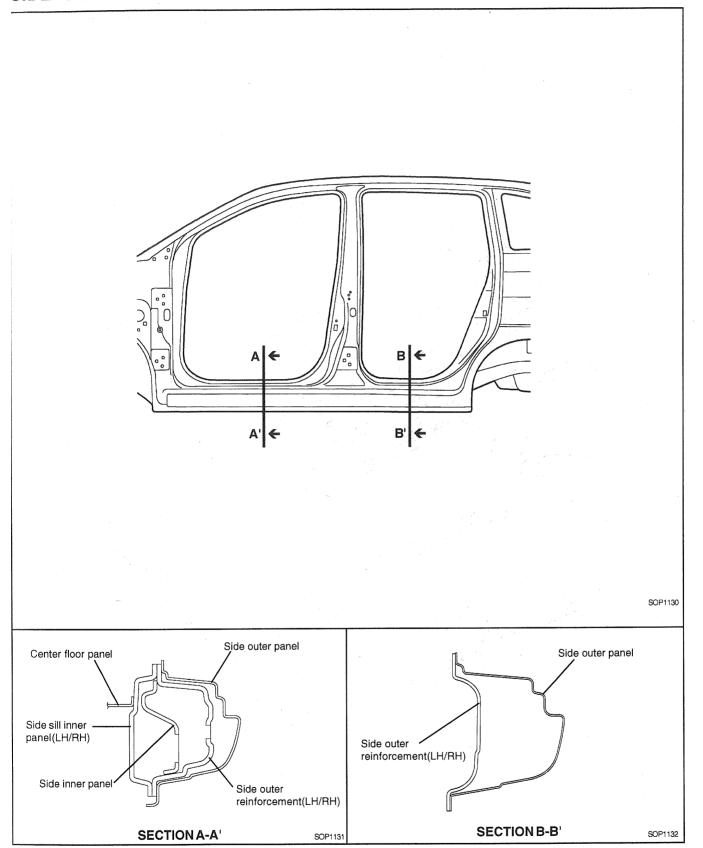
SIDE OUTER PANEL: "B" PILLAR



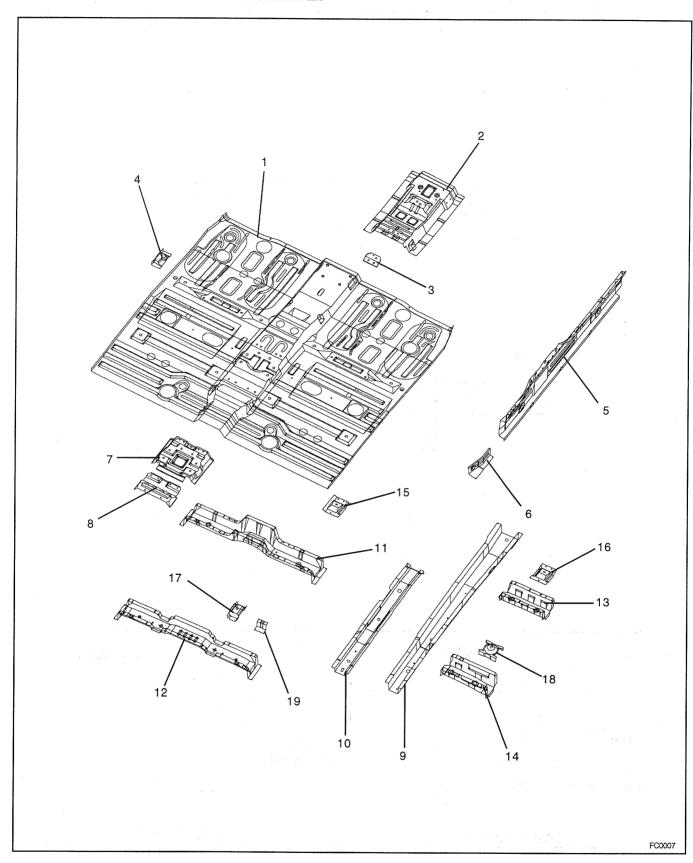
SIDE OUTER PANEL: "C" & "D" PILLAR



SIDE OUTER PANEL : SIDE SILL



CENTER FLOOR PANEL ASSEMBLY



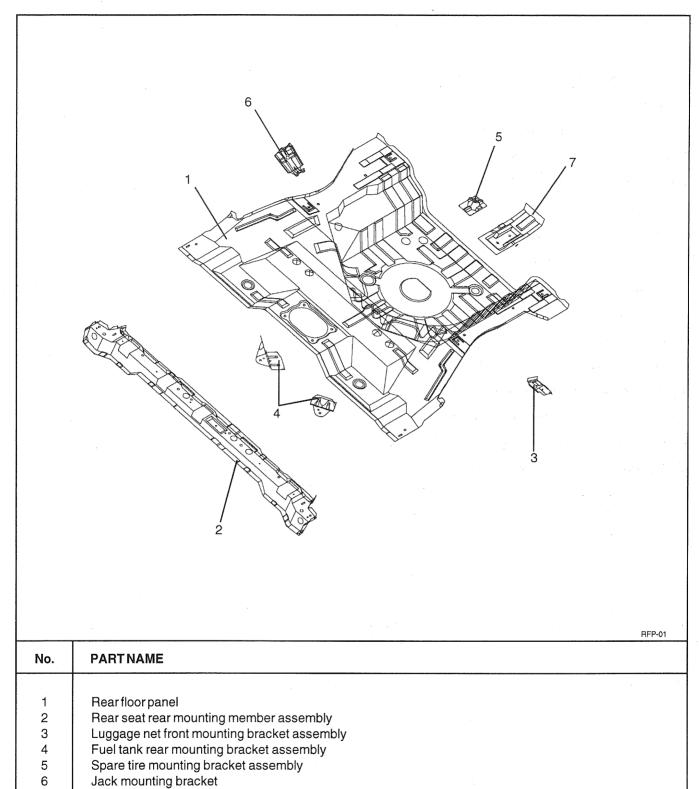
CENTER FLOOR PANEL ASSEMBLY

- 1. Center floor panel
- 2. Transmission gear shift mounting reinforcement
- 3. Transmission gear shift mounting bracket
- 4. Fuel filler door switch bracket
- 5. Side sill inner panel(LH/RH)
- 6. Side sill inner rear reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 7. Parking brake lever mounting reinforcement
- 8. Parking brake cable mounting bracket
- 9. Center floor side outer member(LH/RH)
- 10. Center floor side inner member(LH/RH)
- 11. Center floor front cross center member
- 12. Center floor rear cross center member
- 13. Center floor front corss outer member(LH/RH)
- 14. Center floor rear cross outer member(LH/RH)
- 15. Front seat inner mounting bracket(LH/RH)
- 16. Front seat front outer mounting bracket(LH/RH)
- 17. Front seat rear inner mounting bracket(LH/RH)
- 18. Front seat rear outer mounting bracket(LH/RH)
- 19. Muffler hanger mounting bracket(LH/RH)

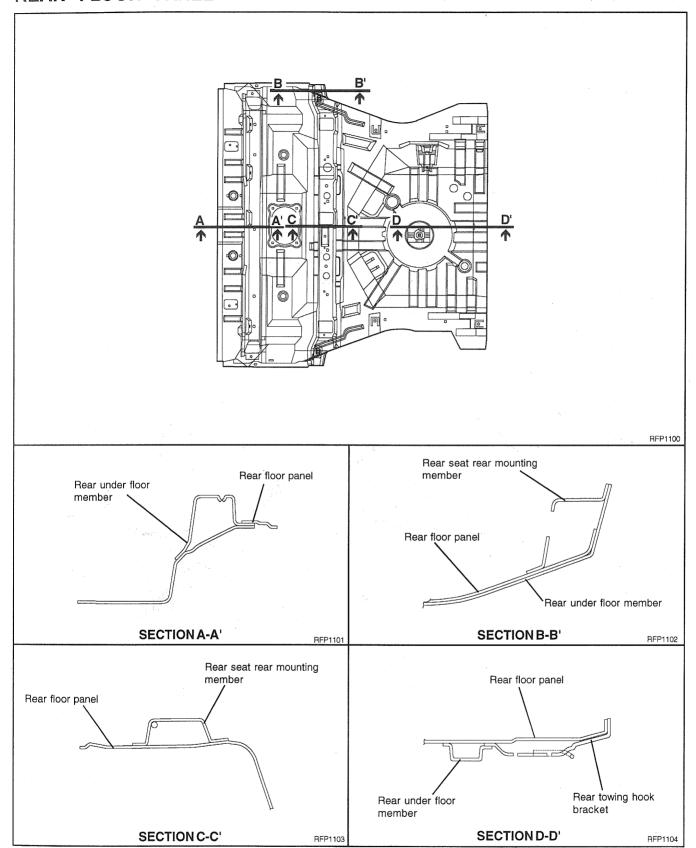
REAR FLOOR PANEL ASSEMBLY

7

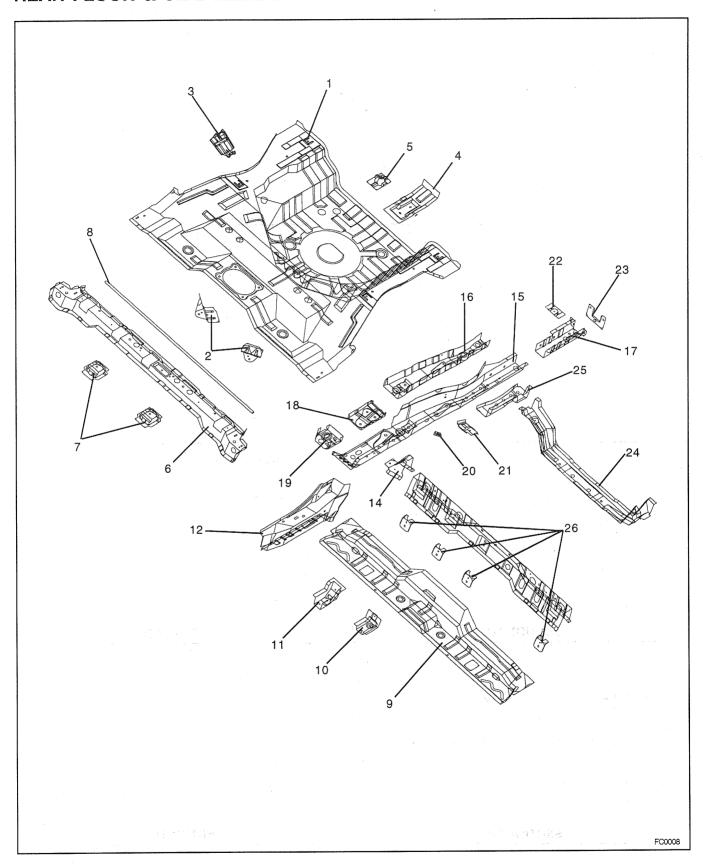
Rear towing hook bracket assembly



REAR FLOOR PANEL



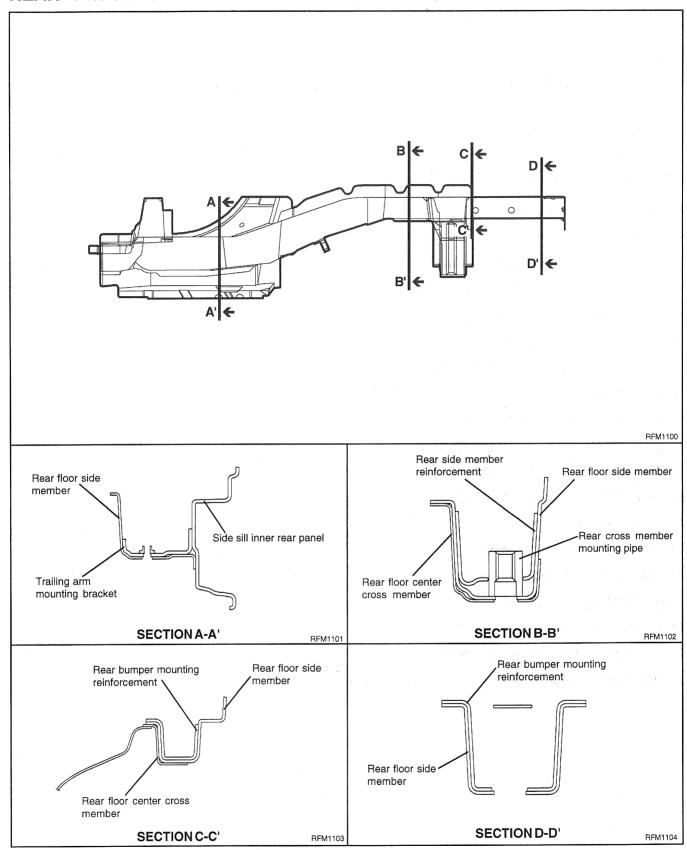
REAR FLOOR & SIDE MEMBER ASSEMBLY



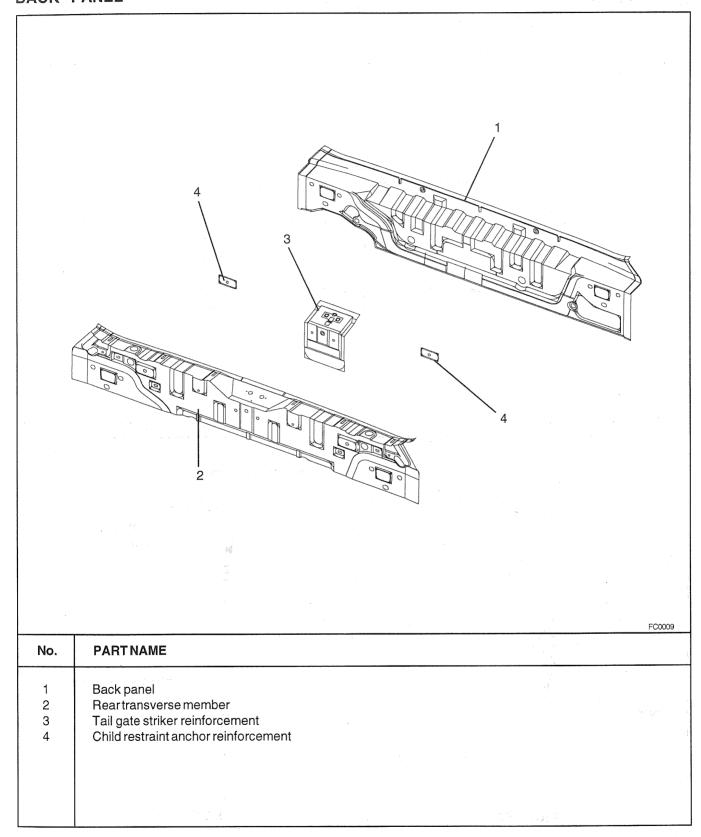
REAR FLOOR & SIDE MEMBER ASSEMBLY

- 1. Rear floor panel
- 2. Fuel tank rear mounting bracket
- 3. Jack mounting bracket
- 4. Rear towing hook bracket
- 5. Spare tire mounting bracket
- 6. Rear seat rear mounting member
- 7. Rear seat mounting bracket
- 8. Rear seat rear mounting bar
- 9. Rear floor front extension
- 10. Fuel tank front mounting bracket(LH/RH)
- 11. Center floor side member rear extension(LH/RH)
- 12. Side sill inner rear panel(LH/RH)
- 13. Rear floor front cross member
- 14. Rear floor front member extension(LH/RH)
- 15. Rearfloor side member(LH/RH)
- 16. Rear side member reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 17. Rear bumper mounting reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 18. Trailing arm mounting bracket(LH/RH)
- 19. Tie down hook reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 20. Brake tube mounting bracket
- 21. Luggage net front bracket(LH/RH)
- 22. Luggage net mounting bracket(LH/RH)
- 23. Rear bumper mounting plate (LH/RH)
- 24. Rear floor center cross member
- 25. Rear floor center cross extension(LH/RH)
- 26. Rear seat mounting bracket

REAR FLOOR SIDE MEMBER

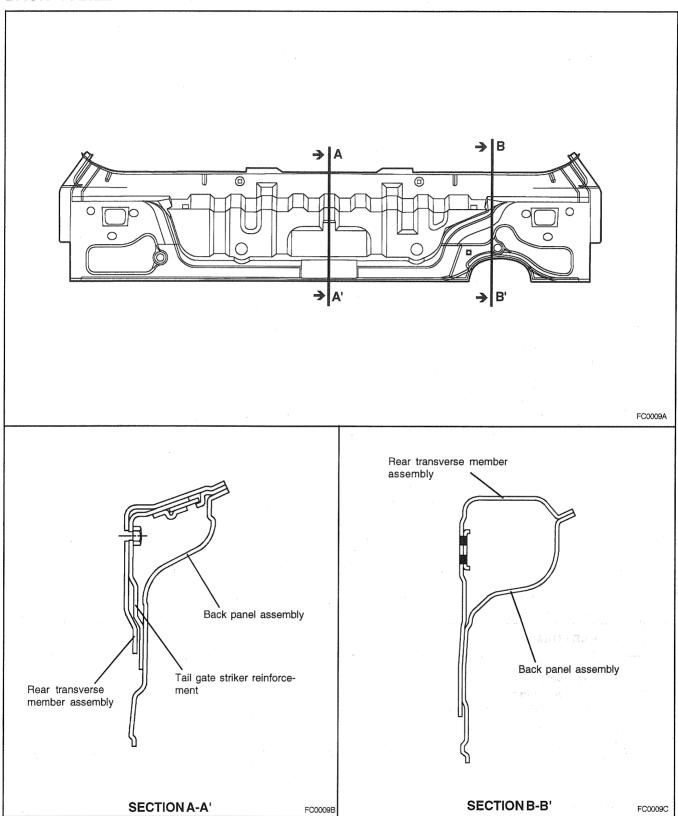


REAR BODY BACK PANEL

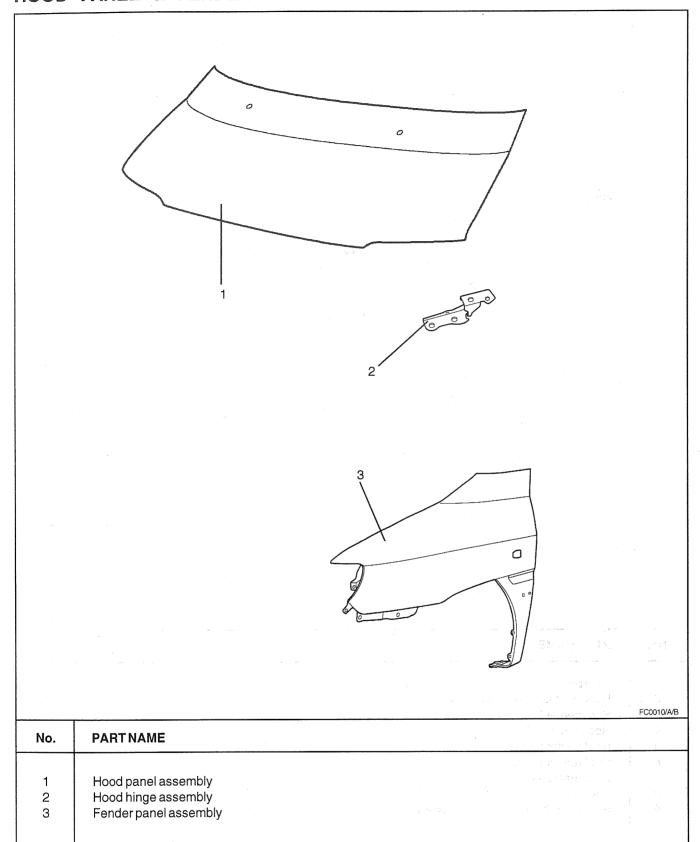


REAR BODY

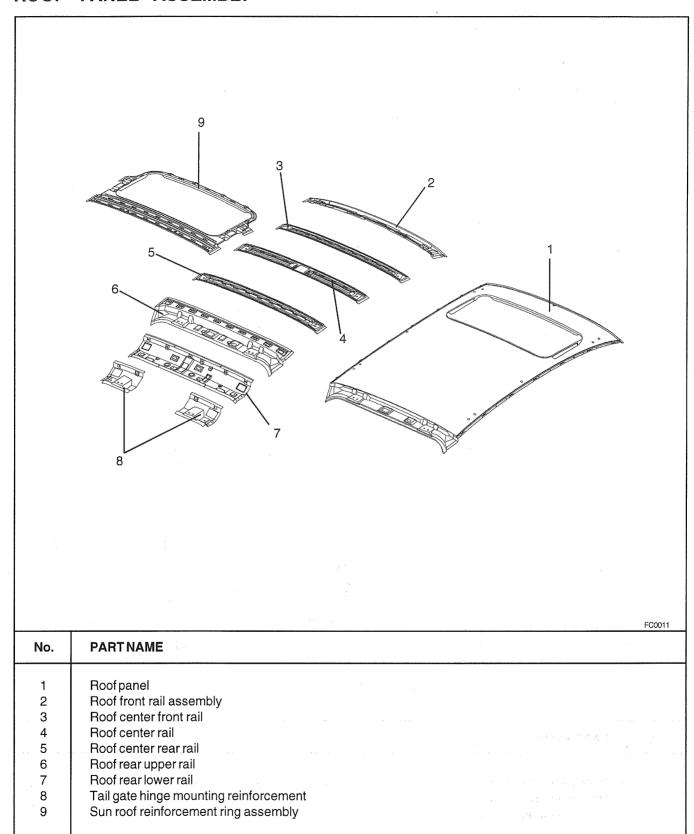
BACK PANEL



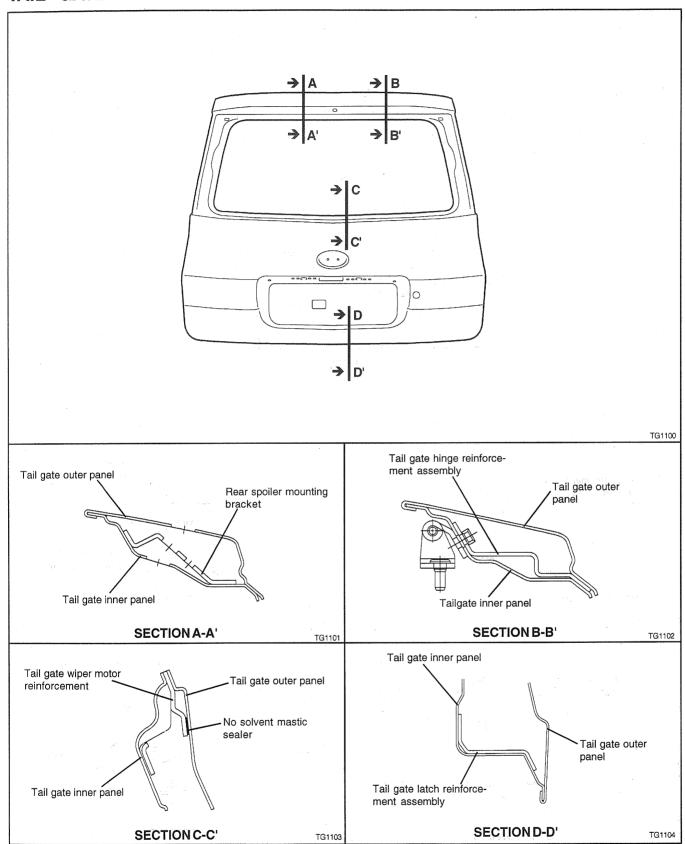
HOOD PANEL & FENDER PANEL



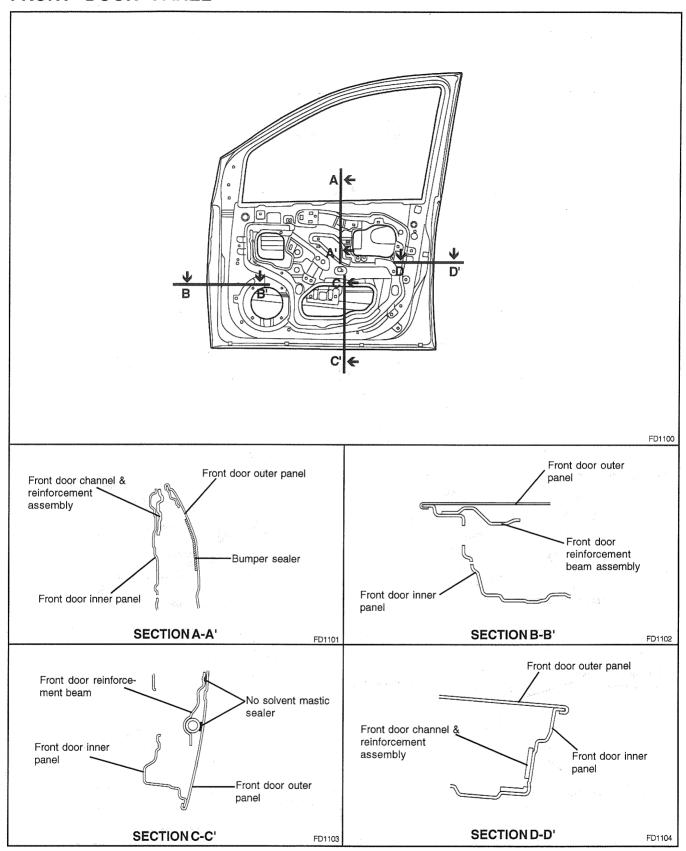
ROOF PANEL ASSEMBLY



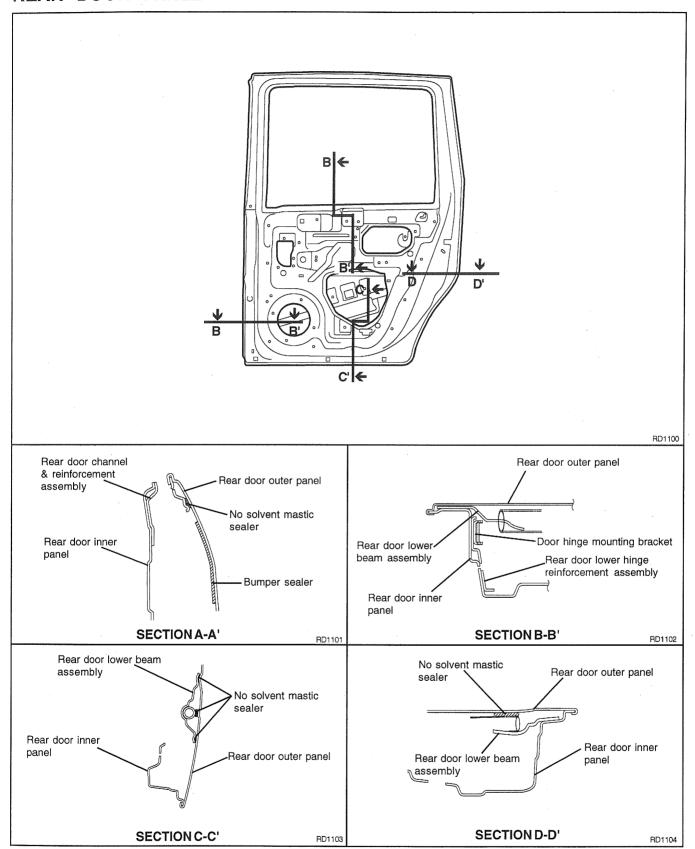
TAIL GATE PANEL



FRONT DOOR PANEL



REAR DOOR PANEL



REPLACEMENT PARTS

RP

REPLACEMENT PARTS

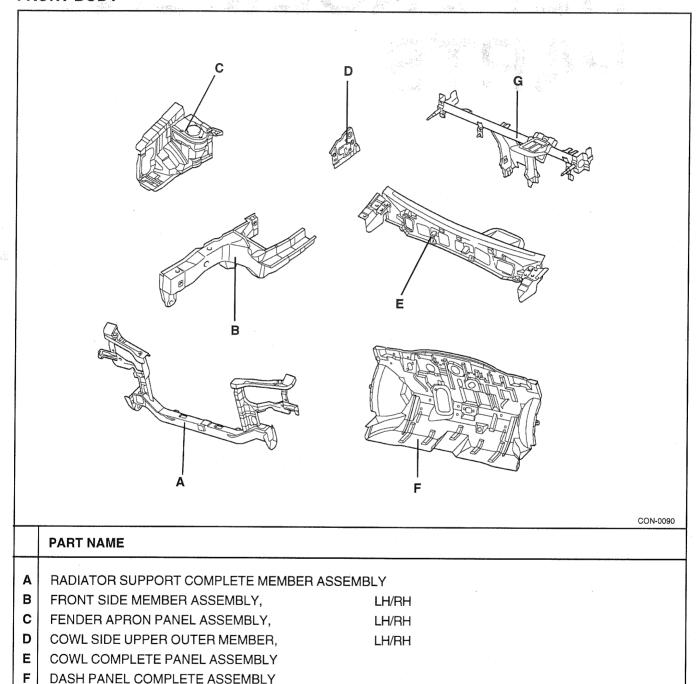
The following section illustrates replacement parts used in the repairs described in this manual. It is important that only Hyundai replacement parts be used in making these repairs to ensure the repairs are made with the highest possible standards for fit, safety and corrosion protection.

For a more complete listing of service parts, refer to an authorized Hyundai dealership.

FRONT BODY

G

COWL CROSS BAR ASSEMBLY

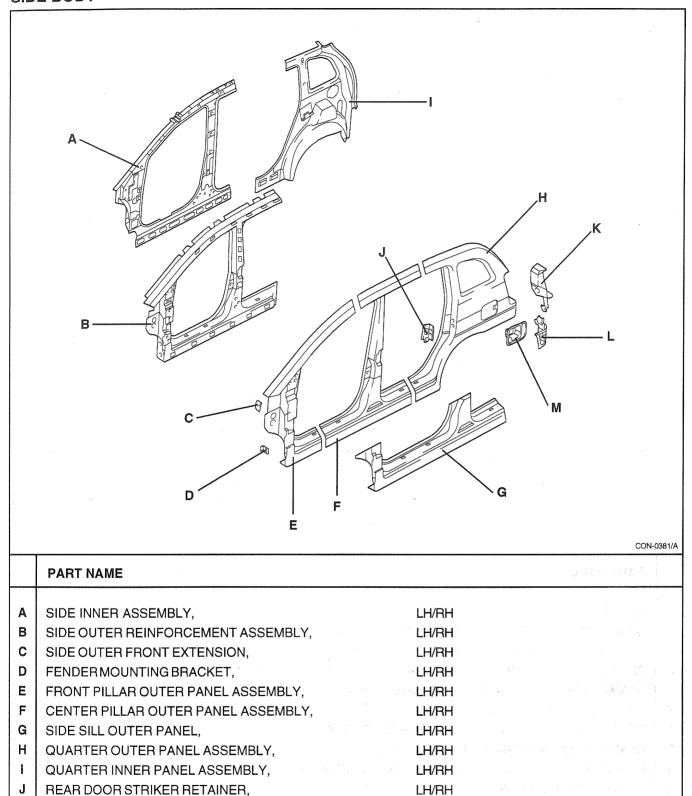


SIDE BODY

K

REAR FILLER PANEL ASSEMBLY,

QUARTER OUTER REAR EXTENSION ASSEMBLY,



LH/RH

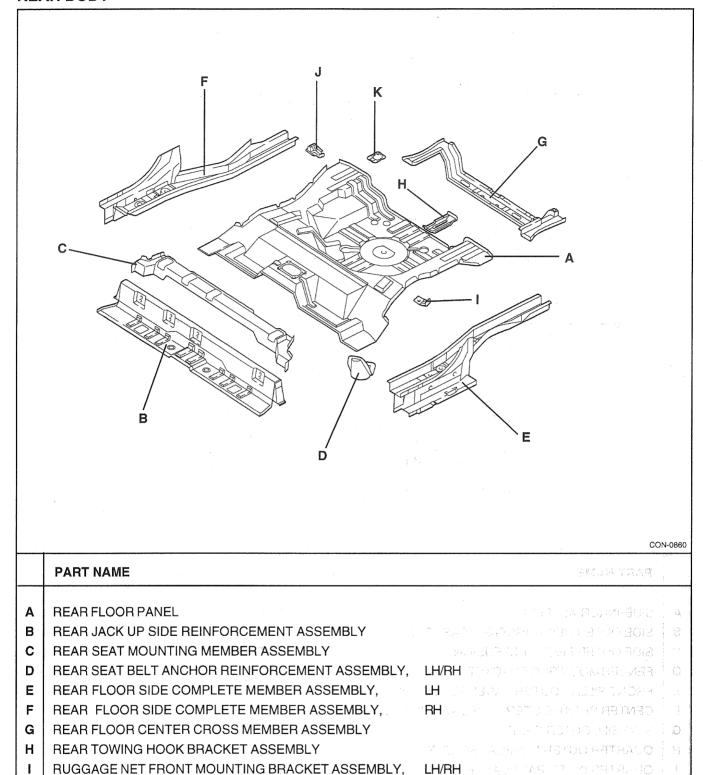
LH/RH

REAR BODY

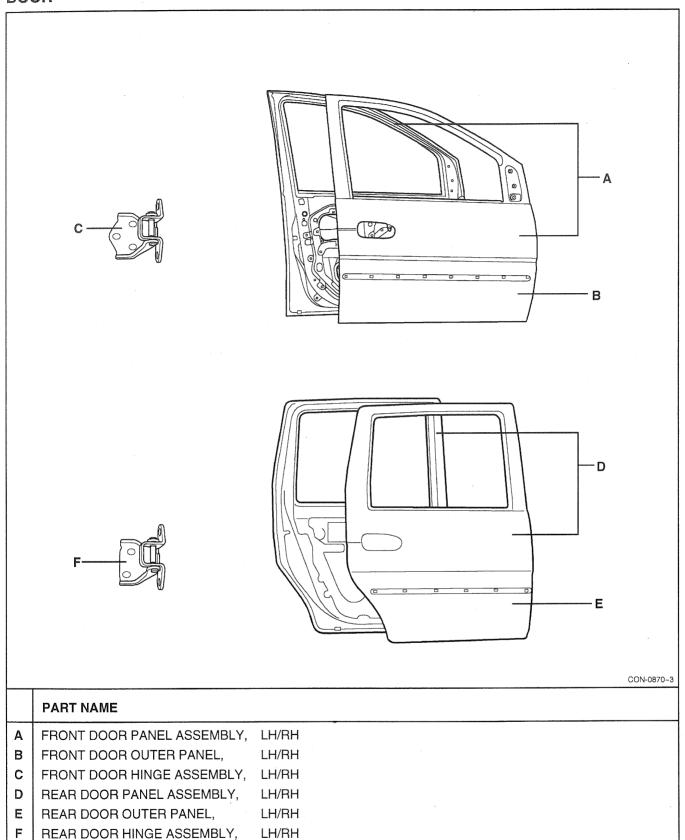
JACK MOUNTING BRACKET

K

SPARE TIRE MOUNTING BRACKET ASSEMBLY



DOOR



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BODY DIMENSIONS

BD.

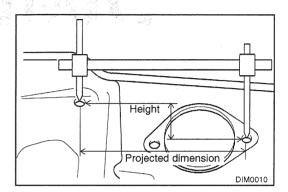
GENERAL

- 1. Basically, all measurements in this manual are taken with a tracking gauge.
- 2. When a measuring tape is used, check to be sure there is no elongation, twisting or bending.
- 3. For measuring dimensions, both projected dimension and actual-measurement dimension are used in this manual.

MEASUREMENT METHOD

PROJECTED DIMENSIONS

- 1. These are the dimensions measured when the measurement points are projected into the reference plane, and are the reference dimensions used for body alterations.
- 2. If the length of the tracking gauge probes are adjustable, make the measurement by lengthening one probe by the amount equivalent to the difference in height of the two surfaces.

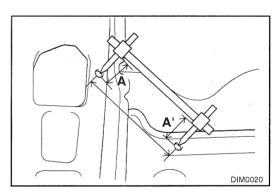


ACTUAL-MEASUREMENT DIMENSIONS

- 1. These dimensions indicate the actual linear distance between measurement points, and are the reference dimensions for use if a tracking gauge is used for measurement.
- 2. Measure by first adjusting both probes to the same length (A=A').

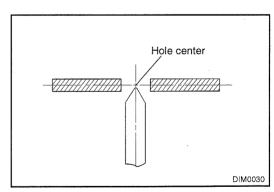
NOTE

Check the probes and gauge itself to make sure there is no free play.

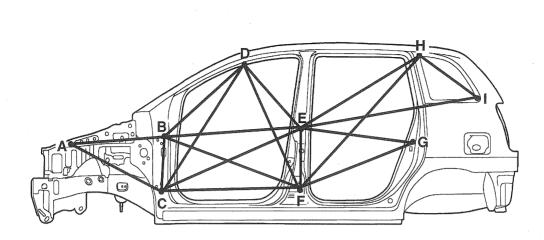


MEASUREMENT POINT

1. Measurements should be taken at the hole center.

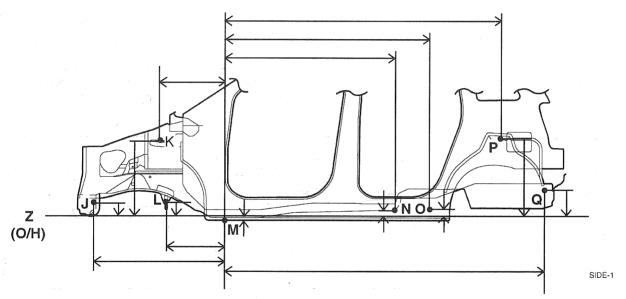


SIDE BODY



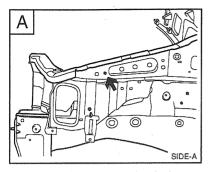
SIDE-2

* These dimensions indicated in this figure are **actual-measurement dimensions**.

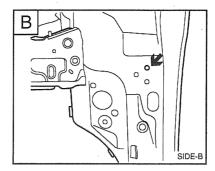


* These dimensions indicated in this figure are **projected dimensions**.

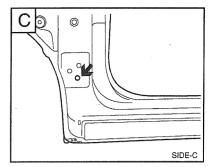
Point symbol	A-B	A-C	B-C	B-D	B-E	B-F	C-D	C-E
Length (mm)	687	762	395	846	1057	1114	1152	1142
Point symbol	C-F	D-E	D-F	E-F	E-G	E-H	E-I	F-G
Length (mm)	1053	718	1053	405	852	1110	1354	917
Point symbol	F-H	J-Z	K-Z	L-Z	M-Z	N-Z	O-Z	P-Z
Length (mm)	1397	125	584	120	14.4	41	41	620
Point symbol	Q-Z	J-M	K-M	L-M	M-N	M-O	M-P	M-Q
Length (mm)	185	1045	480	456	1400	1563	2119	2442



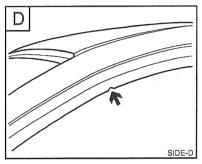
Washer hose mounting hole (∅7)



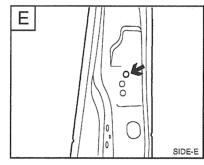
Front door hinge upper mounting hole (\emptyset 12)



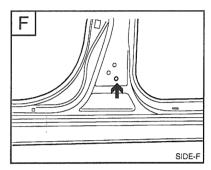
Front door hinge lower mounting hole (\varnothing 12)



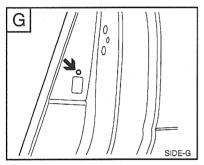
Side body outer positioning notch



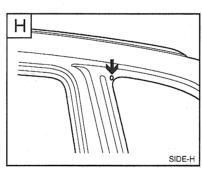
Rear door hinge upper mounting hole (\emptyset 12)



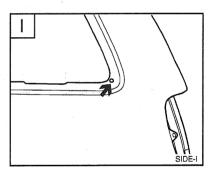
Rear door hinge lower mounting hole (\emptyset 12)



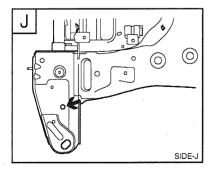
Rear door switch mounting hole (Ø8)



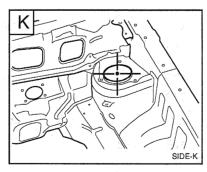
Fixed glass mounting hole (9 x 7 slot hole)



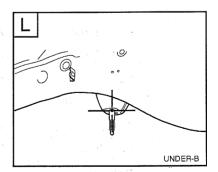
Fixed glass mounting hole (9 x 7 slot hole)



Tooling hole(Ø12)

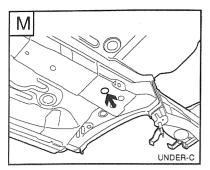


Front strut hole (Ø103.8)

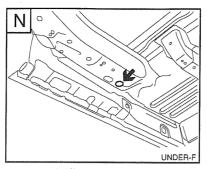


Cross member mounting hole (Ø17)

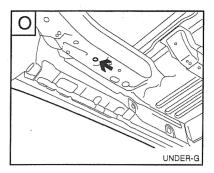
BODY DIMENSIONS - Side body



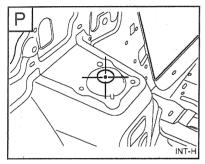
Tooling hole(Ø28)



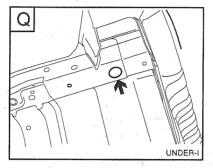
Tooling hole(Ø25)



Rear trailing arm mounting hole (Ø14)

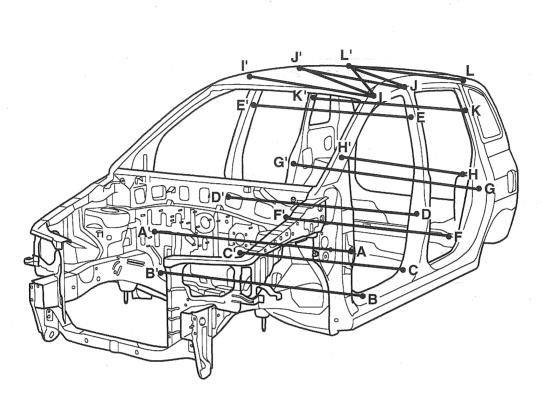


Rear strut hole(∅34)



Tooling hole (∅30)

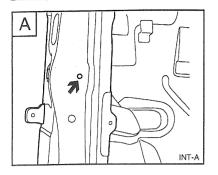
INTERIOR



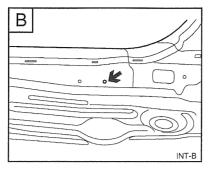
INT-ASSY

Point symbol	A-A'	B-B'	C-C	D-D'	E-E'	F-F'	G-G'	H-H'
Length (mm)	1449	1349	1367	1492	1161	1248	1480	1209
Point symbol	I-I'	I-J'	J-J'	J-L'	K-K'	L-L'	I-L'	
Length (mm)	1109	1269	1072	1241	1229	1084	1672	

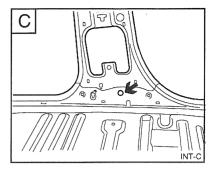
^{*} These dimensions indicated in this figure are actual-measurement dimensions.



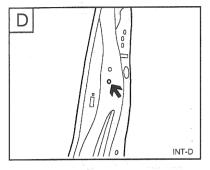
Front door checker mounting hole (\emptyset 12)



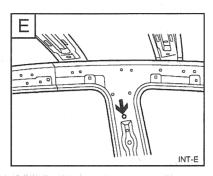
Door scuff mounting hole (\emptyset 6.6)



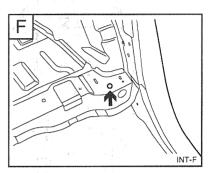
Seat belt mounting hole (\emptyset 18)



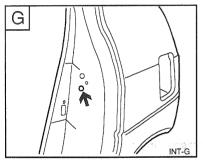
Front door striker mounting hole(∅13)



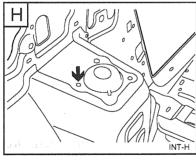
Seat belt anchor mounting hole(∅15)



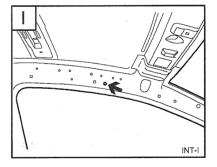
Seat belt lower anchor mounting hole $(\emptyset 12.2)$



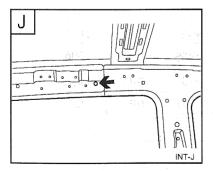
Rear door striker mounting hole $(\emptyset 13)$



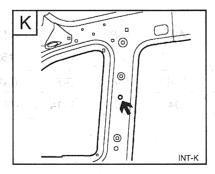
Rear shock absorber mounting hole (\emptyset 9)



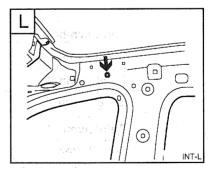
Assist handle mounting hole (\emptyset 9)



Tooling hole (∅10)

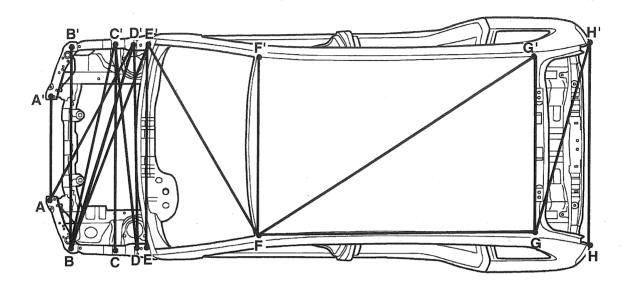


Seat belt anchor mounting hole $(\emptyset 15)$



Roof rack mounting hole (\emptyset 9)

UPPER BODY

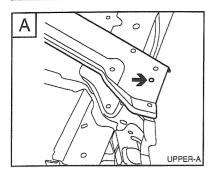


UPPER-ASSY

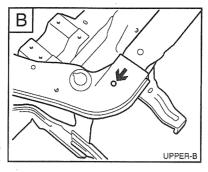
 $\ensuremath{^{\star}}$ These dimensions indicated in this figure are $\ensuremath{\text{actual-measurement dimensions.}}$

Point symbol	A-A'	A-D'	B-B'	B-C'	B-D'	B-E'	C-C'	D-C'
Length (mm)	710	1214	1376	1404	1452	1486	1390	1398
Point symbol	D-D'	E-E'	F-E'	F-F'	F-G	F-G'	G-G'	G-H'
Length (mm)	1366	1343	1559	1114	1667	1989	1057	1303
Point symbol	H-H'							
Length (mm)	1282		- A-					

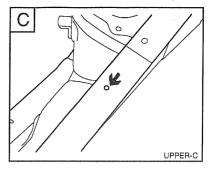
BODY DIMENSIONS - Upper body



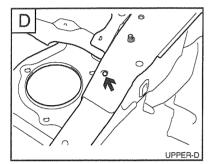
Radiator support upper center mounting hole (∅6.6)



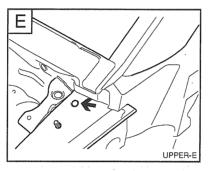
Fender mounting hole (Ø12)



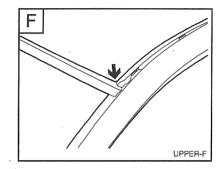
Fender mounting hole (∅6.6)



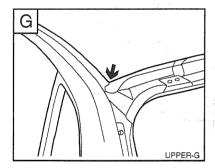
Fender mounting hole (∅12)



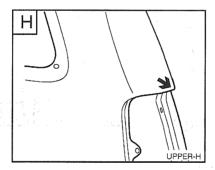
Hood hinge mounting hole (\emptyset 12)



Left front roof corner

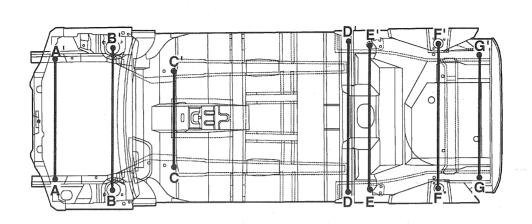


Left rear roof corner



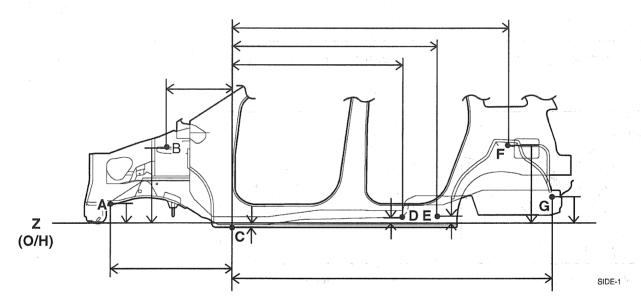
Left rear quarter panel edge

UNDER BODY



* These dimensions indicated in this figure are actual-measurement dimensions.

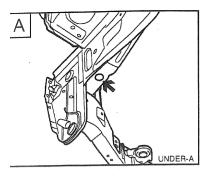
UNDER-1



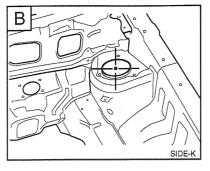
^{*} These dimensions indicated in this figure are **projected dimensions**.

Point symbol	A-A'	B-B'	C-C'	D-D'	E-E'	F-F'	G-G'	A-Z
Length (mm)	960	1137	754	1192	1136	1149	960	175
Point symbol	B-Z	C-Z	D-Z	E-Z	F-Z	G-Z	A-C	В-С
Length (mm)	584	14.4	41	41	620	185	958	480
Point symbol	C-D	C-E	C-F	C-G				
Length (mm)	1400	1563	2119	2442				-

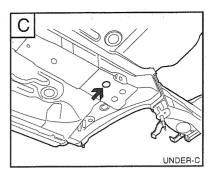
BODY DIMENSIONS - Under body



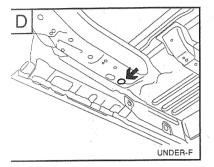
Tooling hole (Ø25)



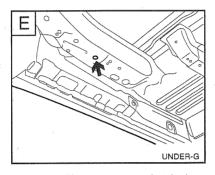
Front strut hole(∅103.8)



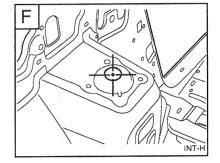
Tooling hole(Ø28)



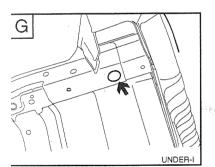
Tooling hole (Ø25)



Rear trailing arm mounting hole (∅14)

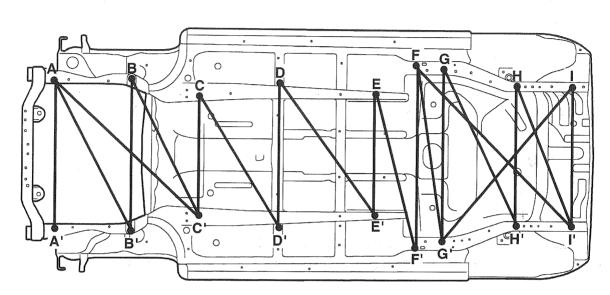


Rear strut hole (\emptyset 34)



Tooling hole (\emptyset 30)

UNDER BODY

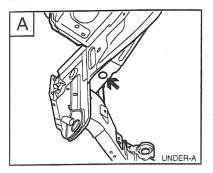


UNDER-2

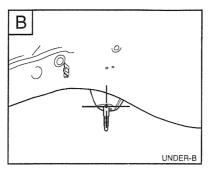
Point symbol	A-A'	B-B'	C-C'	D-D'	E-E'	F-F'	G-G'	H-H'
Length (mm)	960	964	754	940	784	1192	1136	968
Point symbol	I-I'	A-B'	A-C'	B-C'	C-D'	D-E'	E-F'	F-G'
Length (mm)	960	1085	1299	986	991	1068	1021	1192
Point symbol	F-I'	G-H'	H-I'	I-G'				
Length (mm)	1505	1180	1029	1375				

^{*} These dimensions indicated in this figure are actual-measurement dimensions.

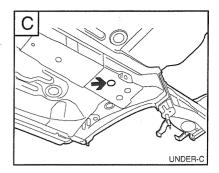
BODY DIMENSIONS - Under body



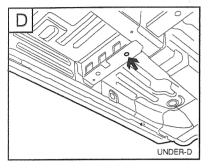
Tooling hole(∅25)



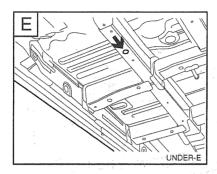
Cross member mounting hole $(\emptyset 17)$



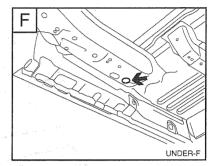
Tooling hole(∅28)



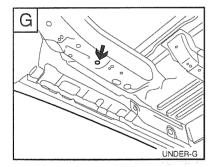
Tooling hole(Ø25)



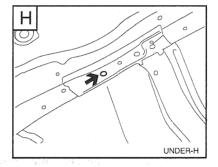
Tooling hole(Ø18)



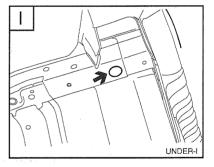
Tooling hole(Ø25)



Rear trailing arm mounting hole(Ø14)

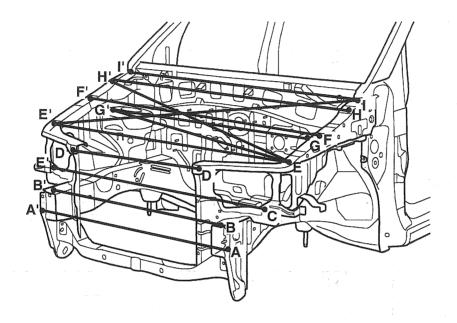


Center cross member mounting hole(Ø16)



Tooling hole(∅30)

FRONT BODY

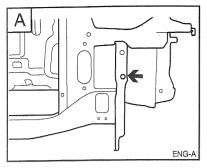


FRONT-

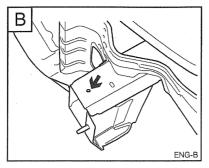
* These dimensions indicated in this figure are actual-measurement dimensions.

Point symbol	A-A'	B-B'	C-C'	D-D'	E-E'	E-G'	E-H'	F-F'
Length (mm)	1088	970	1250	704	1376	1351	1452	1390
Point symbol	G-G'	H-H'	I-I'	I-E'				
Length (mm)	1217	1366	1343	1486				

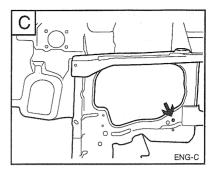
BODY DIMENSIONS - Front body



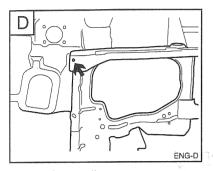
Bumper mounting hole (Ø13)



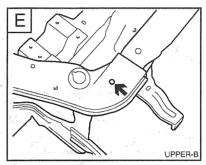
Front bumper mounting hole (∅9)



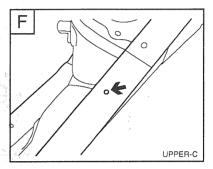
Head lamp mounting hole (\emptyset 6.6)



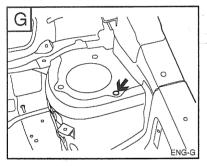
Member-radiator support upper center mounting hole (∅6.6)



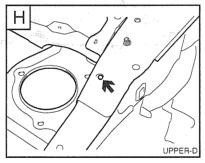
Fender mounting hole (∅12)



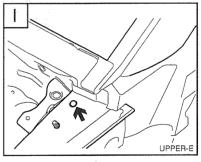
Fendermounting hole(∅6.6)



Front shock absorber mounting hole (\emptyset 11)

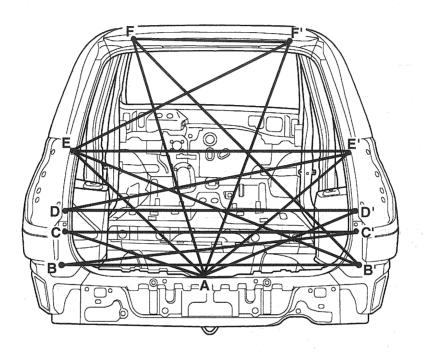


Fendermounting hole (Ø12)



Hood hinge mounting hole (\emptyset 12)

REAR BODY

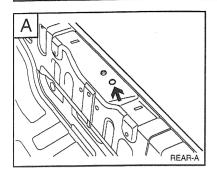


REAR-

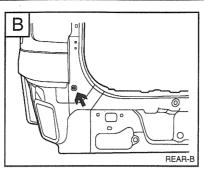
Point symbol	A-C	A-D'	A-E	A-E'	B-B'	B-C'	C-C'	D-D'
Length (mm)	643	709	790	820	1286	1286	1267	1264
Point symbol	D-E'	E-E'	E-B'	E-F'	F-F'	F-A	F-B'	A-F'
Length (mm)	1267	1222	1344	1085	630	1107	1403	1118

^{*} These dimensions indicated in this figure are **actual-measurement dimensions**.

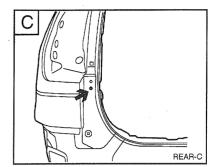
BODY DIMENSIONS - Rear body



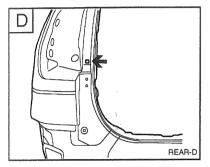
Tail gate striker mounting hole(∅13)



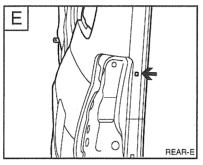
Rear bumper mounting hole $(\Box 7 \times 7 \text{ hole})$



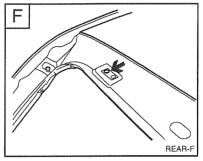
Tail gate guide bumper mounting hole $(\emptyset 8)$



Rear combination lamp mounting hole (\square 8.5×8.5)



Rear combination lamp mounting hole (\square 8.5×8.5)

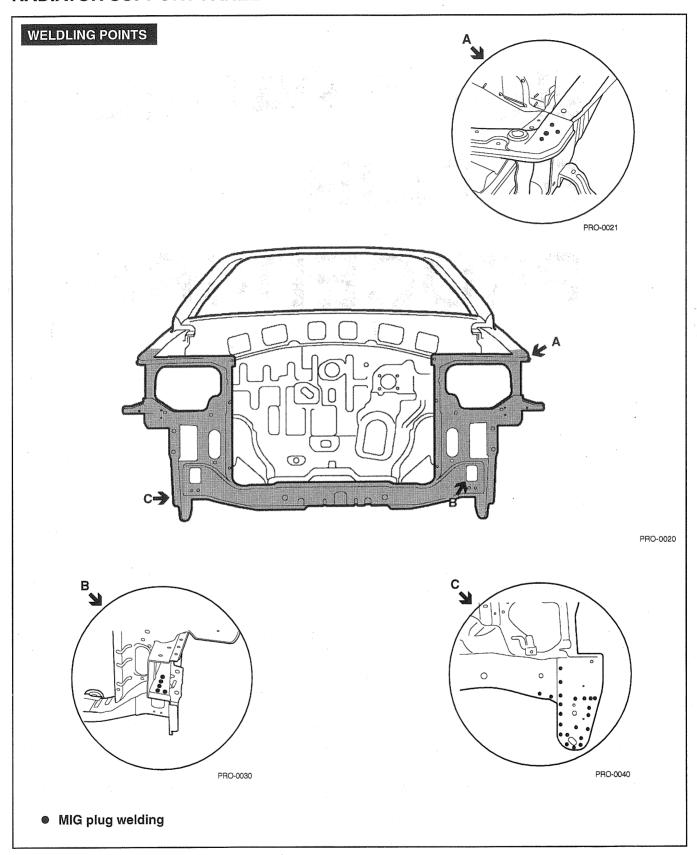


Tail gate mounting hole (∅11.9)

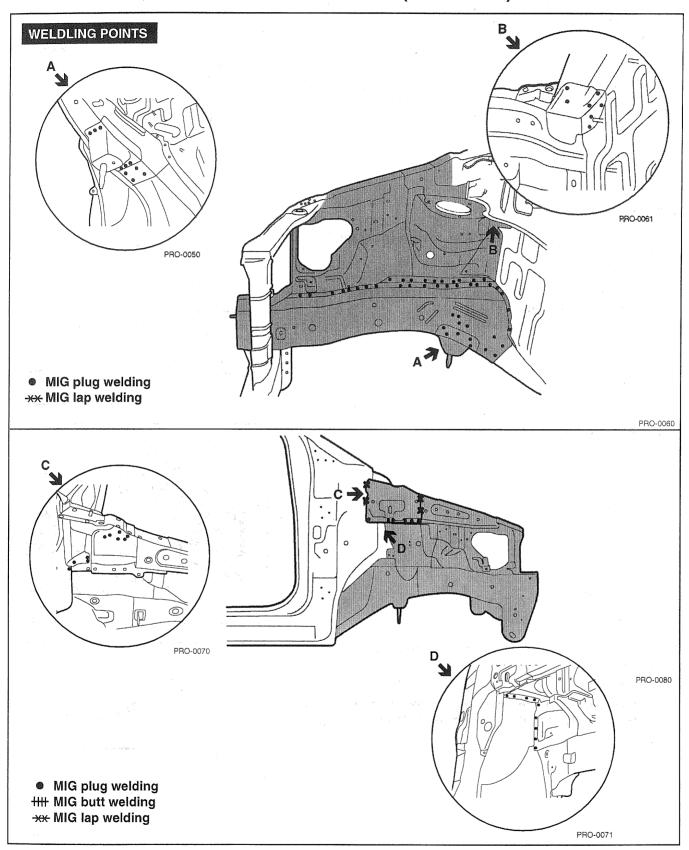
BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE



RADIATOR SUPPORT PANEL

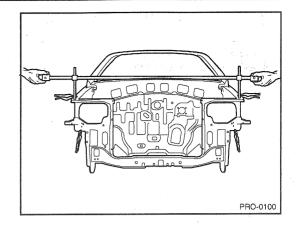


FENDER APRON AND FRONT SIDE MEMBER (ASSEMBLY)



NOTE

Before repairing, remove Engine and Suspension Components. Refer to the body dimension charts and measure the vehicle to determine straightening and alignment requirements. The body must be returned to its original dimension before you begin the repair procedure.

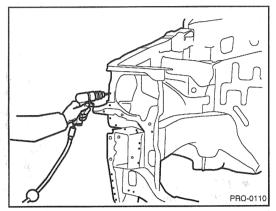


REMOVAL

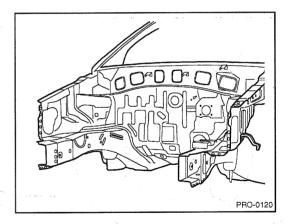
1. Drill out all the spotwelds to separate radiator support panel from Front Side member.

NOTE

When spotwelded portions are not apparent, remove paint with a rotary wire brush.



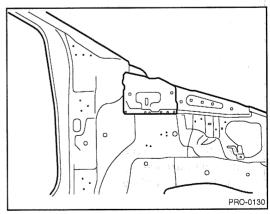
Remove the radiator support panel.



3. Drill out all the spotwelds attaching the fender apron upper outer rear panel.

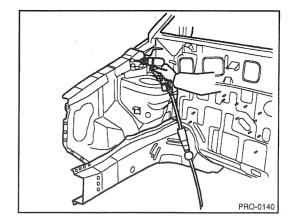
NOTE

If it is possible that the fender apron upper outer rear panel is reusable, be careful not to damage it while removing.



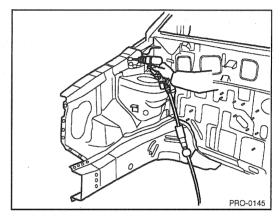
BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Fender apron and front side member (Assembly)

- 4. Using a spotweld cutter, drill out all the spotwelds attaching the fender apron to the dash panel and front side member.
- 5. Remove the fender apron panel.

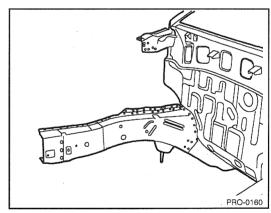


NOTE

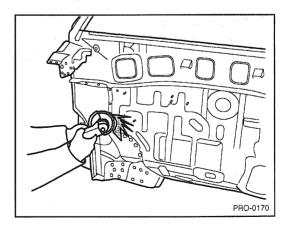
If collision damage requires replacement of fender apron and front side member together, remove both of them at the same time.



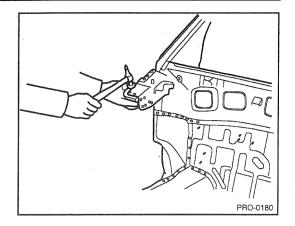
6. Using a spotweld cutter, remove the front side member by drilling out the spotwelds.



7. Grind and smooth any weld traces which might be left on the body surface by using an air grinder or similar tool, being careful not to damage any of the panels which is not to be replaced.

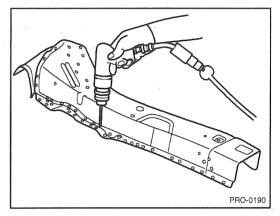


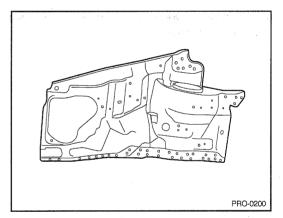
8. Using a hammer and dolly, correct any flanges that become bent or deformed when spotwelds are broken.



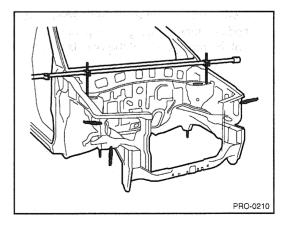
INSTALLATION

- 1. Drill 8 mm holes in the new fender apron and front side member for MIG plug welding.
- 2. Remove paint from both sides of all portions that are to be welded such as peripheries of MIG plug weld holes.



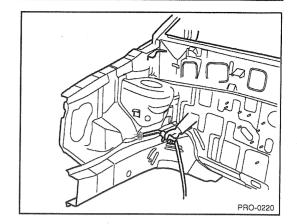


- 3. Temporarily install new parts in place.
- 4. Measure each measurement point (Refer to the BODY DIMEN-SIONS) and correct the installation position.

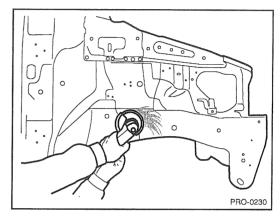


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Fender apron and front side member (Assembly)

5. MIG plug weld all holes

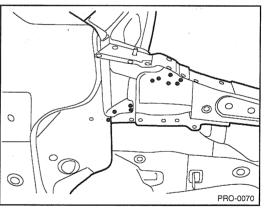


6. Clean MIG welds with a disc grinder.

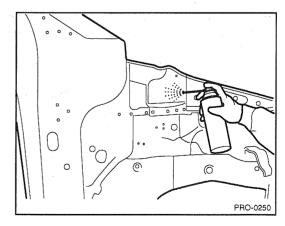


NOTE

- 1. Be careful not to grind welded portions too much.
- 2. The internal parts will be stronger if the weld traces are not ground.

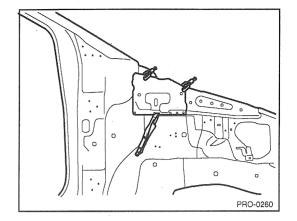


7. Before welding the fender apron upper outer rear panel, apply the two part epoxy primer and anti-corrosion agent to the interior of the fender apron panel.

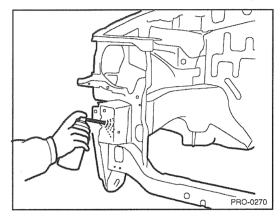


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Fender apron and front side member (Assembly)

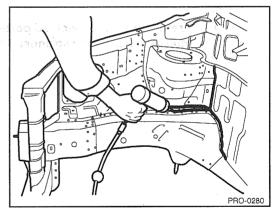
- 8. Install the fender apron upper outer rear panel in place.
- 9. MIG plug weld all holes.
- 10. Clean and prepare all welds, remove all residue.
- 11. Apply the two part epoxy primer to the interior of the each panel.



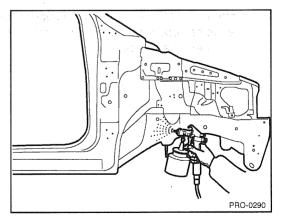
- 12. Apply an anti-corrosion agent as required (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 13. Prepare the exterior surfaces for priming using wax and grease remover.
- 14. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 15. Apply conversion coating and water rinse.
- 16. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.



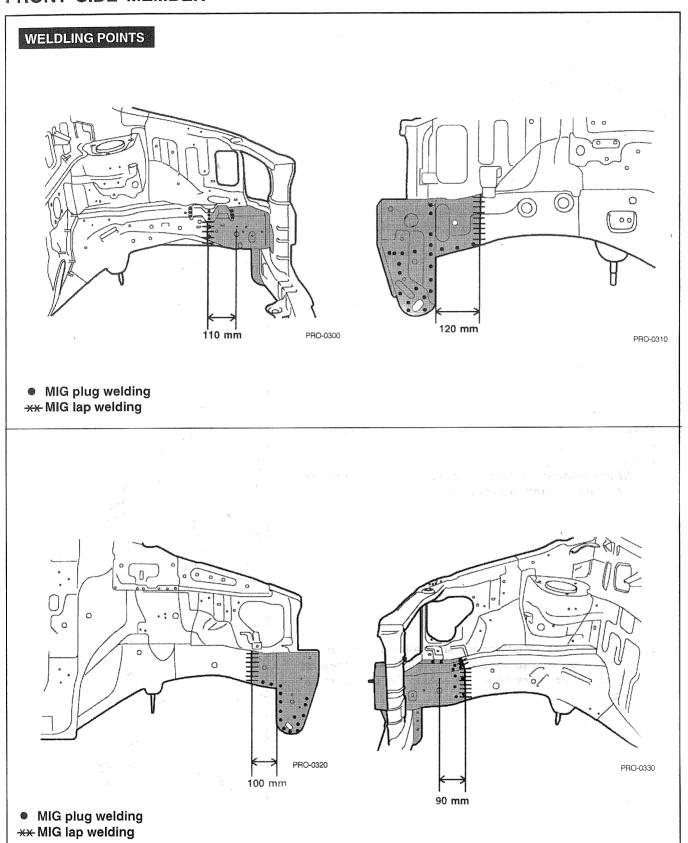
- 17. Apply the correct seam sealer to all joints carefully (Refer to the BODY SEALING LOCATION).
- 18. Reprime over the seam sealer to complete the repair.



- 19. After completing body repairs, carefully apply under coating to the front sidemember and fender apron (Refer to the CORRO-SION PROTECTION).
- 20. In order to improve corrosion resistance, if necessary, apply an under body anti-corrosion agent to the panel which is repaired or replaced (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).



FRONT SIDE MEMBER



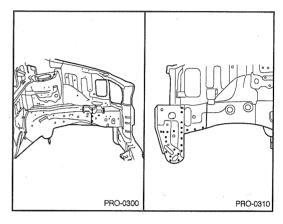
REMOVAL

NOTE

This procedure is to be used only for repair of minor damage to the front side member and when it is impossible to staighten the damaged side member. The following procedure illustrates a repair for the front left side member.

The procedure may also be applied to the front right side member.

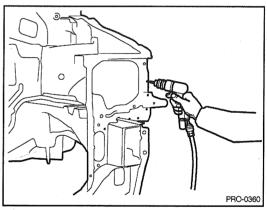
1. Measure and mark the vertical cutlines on front side member outer and inner from rear edge of front side member gusset.



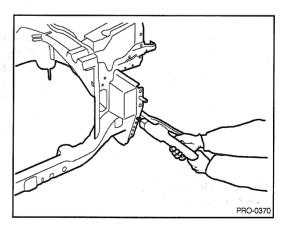
2. Drill out all the spotwelds to separate radiator support panel from front side member.

NOTE

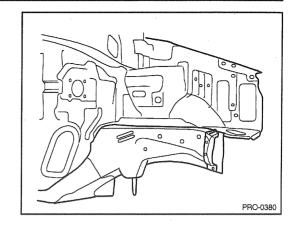
 When spotwelded portions are not apparant, remove paint with a rotary wire braush.



 In order to perform cutting and separation of spotwelded points use a spot weld cutter which is larger than the size of the nugget to make a hole only in the panels to be replaced.

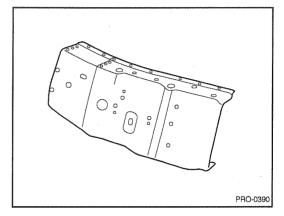


- 3. Cut through the front side member inner and outer at cutlines. **NOTE**
 - Take care not to cut through front side member inner reinforcement.
- 4. Prepare all surfaces to be welded.

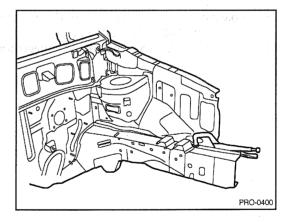


INSTALLATION

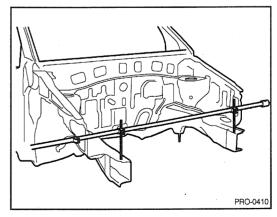
- 1. Transcribe the front side member inner and outer cutline to the new front member, cut to length and chamfer butt end to improve weld surface.
- 2. Drill 8mm holes in new front side member for MIG plug welding.



- 3. Fit and clamp the front side member inner and outer in place.
- 4. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld all seams.

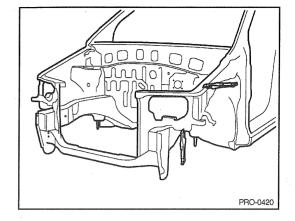


5. Measure each measurement point(Refer to the BODY DIMEN-SIONS) and correct the installation position.

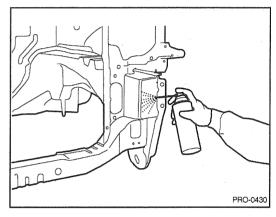


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Front side member (Partial)

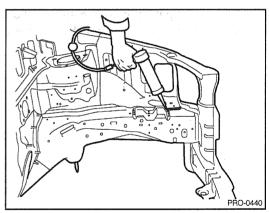
- 6. Fit and clamp the radiator support panel in place.
- 7. MIG plug weld all holes.
- 8. Clean and prepare all welds, remove all residue.
- Apply the two-part epoxy primer to the interior of the front side member.



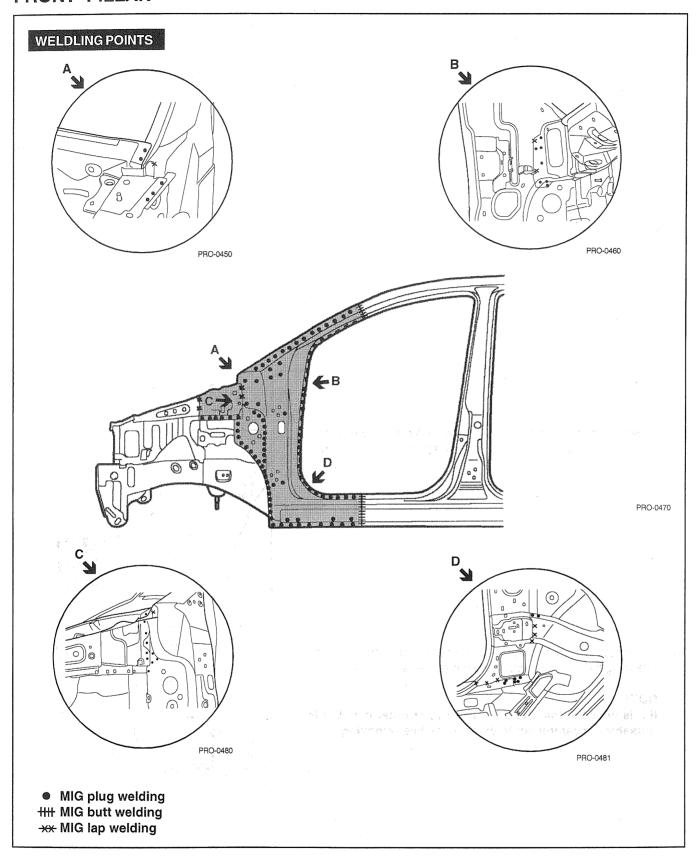
- 10. Apply an anti-corrotion agent as required (Refer to the CORROSION RPOTECTION).
- 11. Prepare the exterior surfaces for priming using wax and grease remover.
- 12. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 13. Apply conversion coating and water rinse.
- 14. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.



- 15. Apply the correct seam selaer to all joints carefully (Refer to the BODY SEALING LOCATIONS).
- 16. Reprime over the seam sealer to complete the repair.

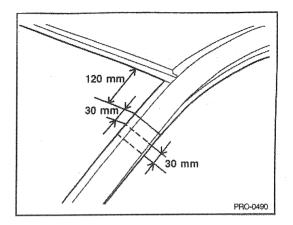


FRONT PILLAR

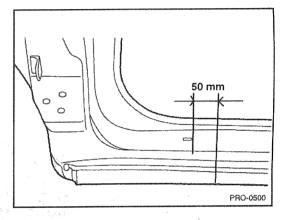


REMOVAL

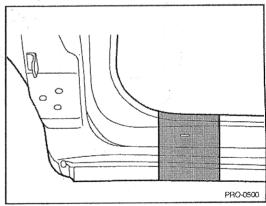
1. Measure and mark the each cutline on the front pillar outer panel at 120mm from the roof panel end line to remove the front pillar outer panel in the illustration.



2. Measure and mark the cutline on front side sill outer panel as shown in the illustration.



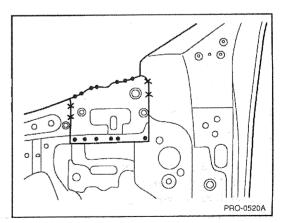
3. Depending on the extend of damaged area, it may be possible to determine the cutting range within indicated in the illustration.



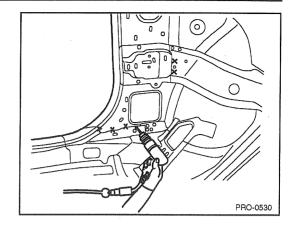
4. To remove the front pillar, grind away and drill out all welds attaching the cowl side upper outer member as illustration.

NOTE

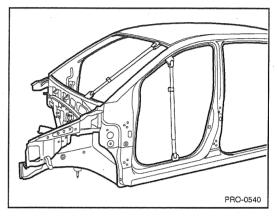
If it is possible that the cowl side upper outer member is reusable, be careful not to damage it while removing.



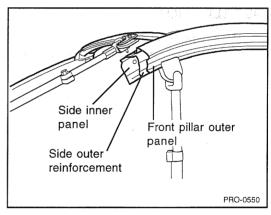
- 5. Drill out all welds attaching the front inner pillar to dash and cowl top outer, dash crossmember.
- 6. Remove spotwelds and lap welds attaching cowl crossmember bar mounting upper bracket to remove front pillar.



7. Before cutting front pillar, be sure to support roof panel.



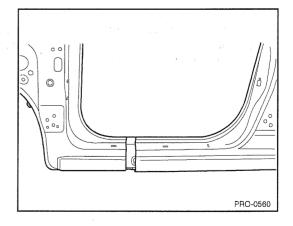
8. Cut the front pillar through each cutline, taking care not to damage the other panel as illustration.



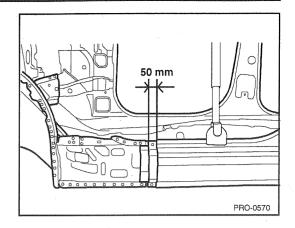
9. Before cutting the front side sill outer panel, make a rough cut the front side sill outer panel only.

NOTE

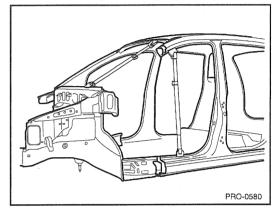
When cutting the front side sill outer panel, be careful not to cut side outer reinforcement.



- 10. Cut the side outer reinforcement as illustration.
- 11. Cut the front side sill outer panel vertical cutline and remove the front pillar.

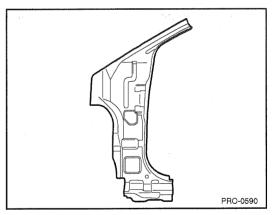


12. Straighten all flanges as necessary, prepare all surfaces to be welded.

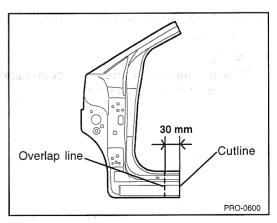


INSTALLATION

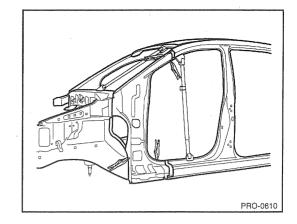
1. Transcribe the cutline to the new front inner panel, cut to length and chamfer butt end to improve weld surface.



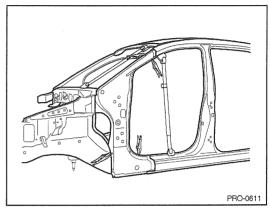
- 2. Transcribe the cutline to the new front side sill outer panel and new front pillar, adding 30mm overlap to end and cut to length.
- 3. Drill 8mm holes along outer panel flanges in production location for attachment to other panels.



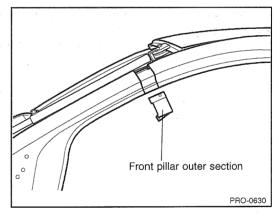
- 4. Transcribe the cutline to the new side inner panel, adding 30mm overlap to end and cut to length.
- 5. Drill 8mm holes in the side inner panel for MIG plug welding.
- 6. Fit and clamp the new side inner panel in place for welding.
- 7. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld the seams.



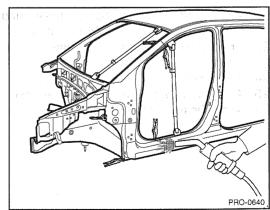
- 8. Temporarily install side inner panel and side outer reinforcement in place.
- 9. Measure and each measurement point (Refer to the BODY DIMENSIONS) and correct the installation position.
- 10. If necessary, make temporary welds, and then check to confirm that the closing and fit for windshield glass, door and fender are correct.



- 11. MIG butt weld front pillar outer panel and front side outer panel seams.
- 12. Reattach the cut away front pillar outer panel section, then MIG butt weld.



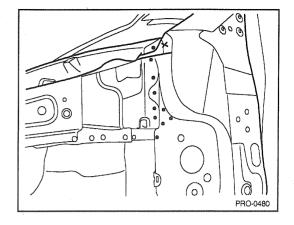
- 13. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld all seams in the front side sill outer panel.
- 14. Clean and prepare all welds, removing all residue.
- 15. Apply body filler to joints and sand as needed.
- 16. Apply the two-part epoxy primer to the interior of the front pillar.



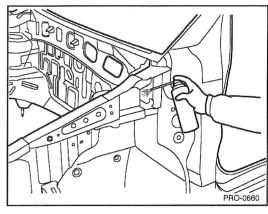
17. Clean all welds with a disc grinder.

NOTE

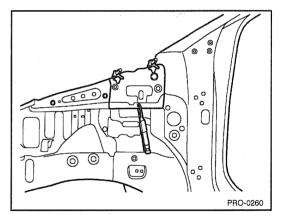
- 1. Be careful not to grind welded portions too much.
- 2. The internal parts will be stronger if the weld traces are not ground.



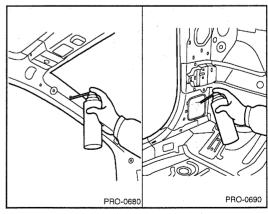
18. Before welding the cowl side upper outer member, apply the two part epoxy primer and anti-corrosion agent to the interior of the fender apron panel.



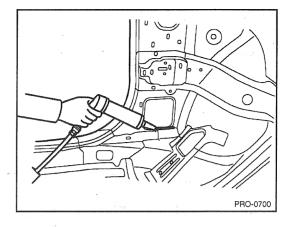
- 19. Install the cowl side upper outer member in place.
- 20. MIG plug weld all holes.
- 21. Clean and prepare all welds, removing all residue.



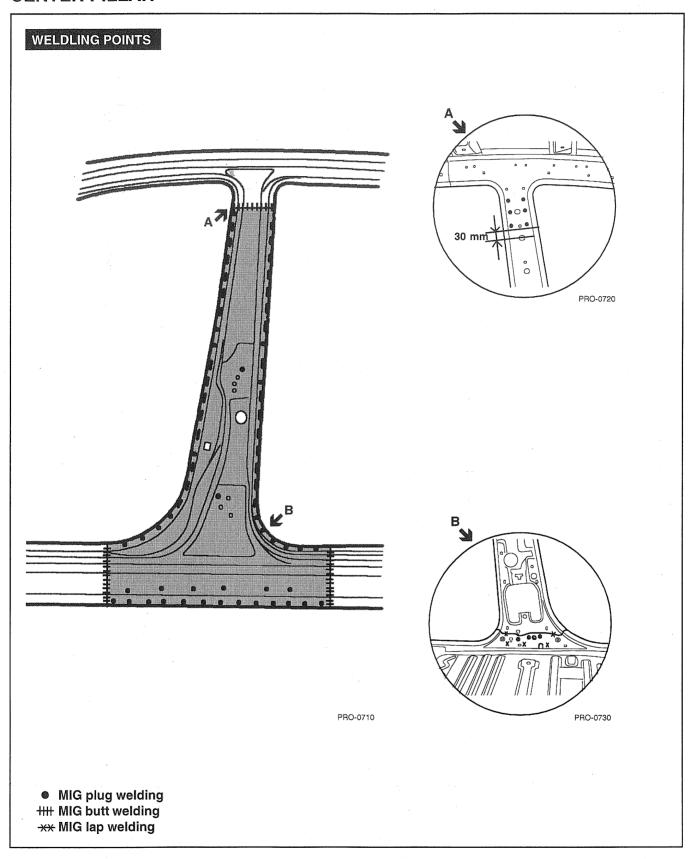
- 22. Apply an anti-corrosion agent to the welded parts and inside of front pillar (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 23. Prepare exterior surfaces for priming, using wax and grease remover.
- 24. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 25. Apply conversion coating and water rinse.
- 26. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.



- 27. Apply the correct seam sealer to all joints carefully (Refer to the BODY SEALING LOCATIONS).
- 28. Reprime over the seam sealer to complete the repair.

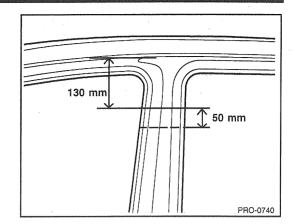


CENTER PILLAR

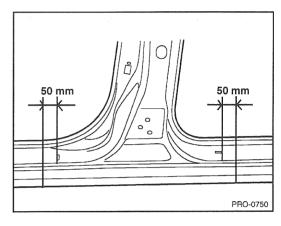


REMOVAL

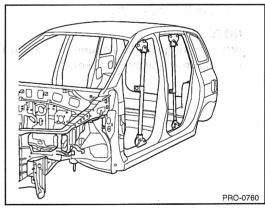
1. Measure and mark the horizontal cutline on center outer pillar as illustration.



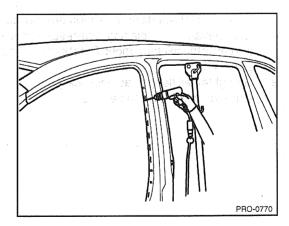
2. Measure and mark the vertical cutline on side sill outer panel 50mm from the front door scuff trim mounting hole and rear door scuff trim mounting hole.



3. Before cutting center pillar, be sure to support roof panel.



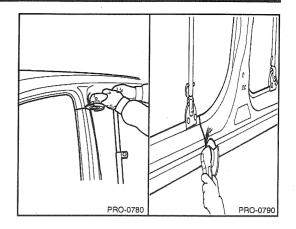
4. Drill out all spotwelds and laser welding attaching the center outer pillar to the body to remove center outer pillar.



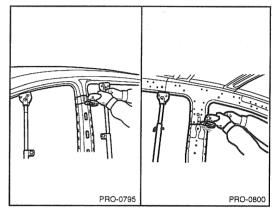
5. Cut through center outer pillar and side sill outer panel at cutlines.

NOTE

When cutting side sill outer panel take care not to cut through mating flanges or side outer reinforcement.



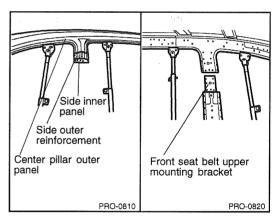
6. After cutting side outer panel (center outer pillar & side sill), cut the side outer reinforcement and side inner panel.



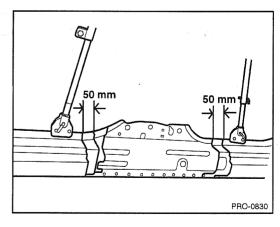
7. Remove the center pillar.

NOTE

When cutting side inner panel, be careful not to cut front seat belt mounting upper bracket.

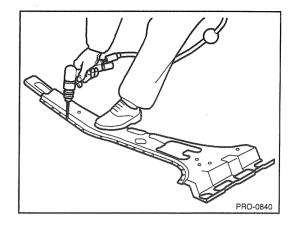


- 8. Determine if the side outer reinforcement is damaged and needs to be replaced. If replacing is necessary, mark out the damaged portion of the reinforcement. Cut at cutlines and remove damaged portion.
- 9. Straighten all flanges as necessary.
- 10. Prepare all surfaces to be welded.

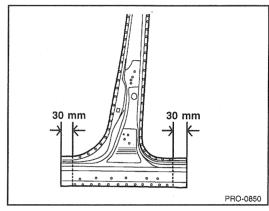


INSTALLATION

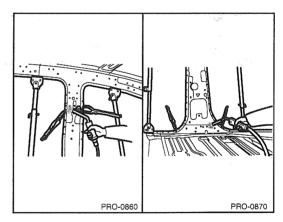
1. In order to install side inner panel drill out all spotwelds attaching the roof side inner rail to side inner panel to separate them.

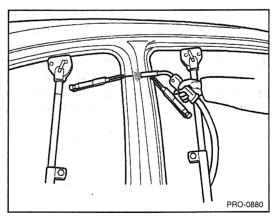


- 2. Transcribe the center outer pillar cutlines to the new center outer pillar, adding 30mm overlap at center lower pillar ends.
- 3. Cut and chamfer butt end to improve weld surface.
- 4. Drill 8mm holes in overlap area and along outer panel flanges.

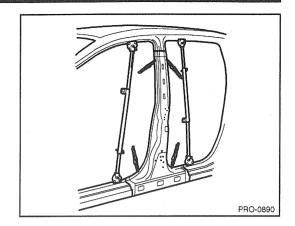


5. MIG butt weld all seams in side inner panel and side outer reinforcement and center outer pillar panel as illustration.





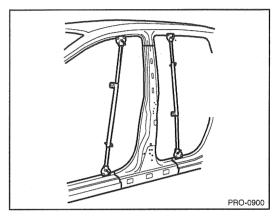
- 6. Transcribe the cutline dimensions to the new side outer reinforcement, adding 30mm overlap to each end and cut to length.
- 7. Drill 8mm holes in overlap areas on each end of new side outer reinforcement and clamp.



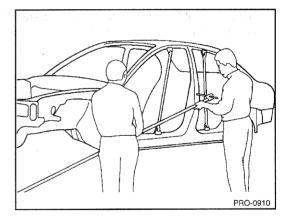
8. MIG plug weld all holes MIG butt weld seams.

NOTE

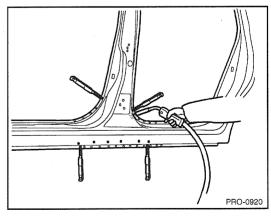
The reinforcement will be stronger if the weld traces are not ground.



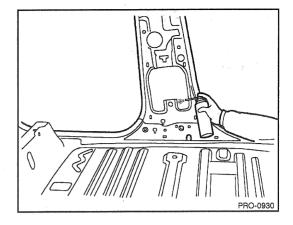
- 9. Temporarily install new center outer panel in place.
- 10. Screw center pillar in place.
- 11. Measure and each measurement point (Refer to the BODY DIMENSIONS) and correct the installation position.
- 12. Check the fit of the front and rear doors.

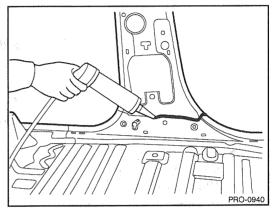


- 13. Reinstall center outer pillar and screw in place.
- 14. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld all seams.
- 15. Clean and prepare all welds, and remove all residue.
- 16. Apply body filler to the outer center pillar seam. Sand and finish.
- 17. Apply the two-part epoxy primer to the interior of the center pillar.
- 18. Apply an anti-corrosion agent to the welded parts and interior of the center pillar (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).

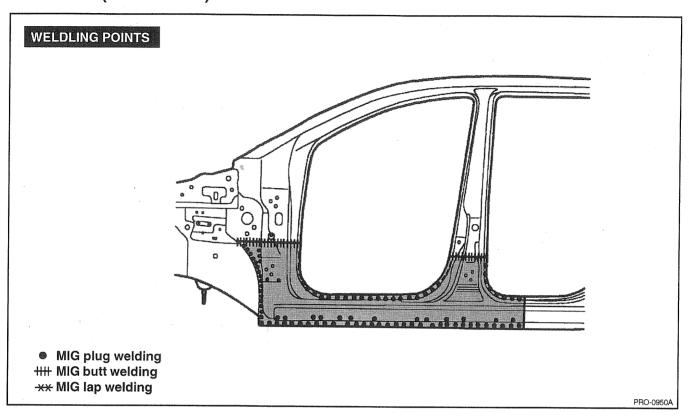


- 19. Prepare exterior surfaces for priming, using wax and grease remover.
- 20. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 21. Apply conversion coating and water rinse.
- 22. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.
- 23. Apply the correct seam sealer to all joints carefully (Refer to the BODY SEALING LOCATIONS).
- 24. Reprime over the seam sealer to complete the repair.



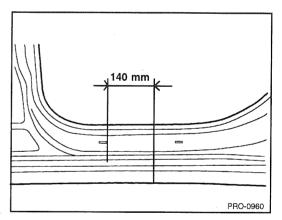


SIDE SILL (ASSEMBLY)

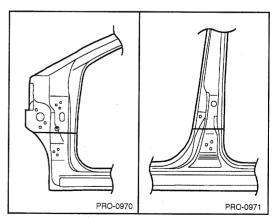


REMOVAL

1. Measure and mark vertical cutline from the rear door scuff trim mounting hole on the rear side sill outer panel.

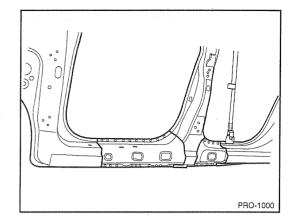


2. At the front and center pillar, measure and mark horizontal cutlines from the door hinge mounting hole on the side outer panel as illustration.

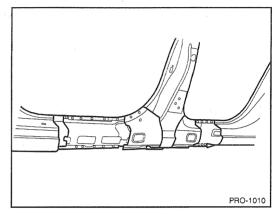


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Side sill (Assembly)

- 3. Cut the side sill outer panel along cutlines. Be careful not to cut mating flanges.
- 4. Drill out all spotwelds, attaching the side sill outer panel to side outer reinforcement.
- 5. Remove the side sill outer panel.

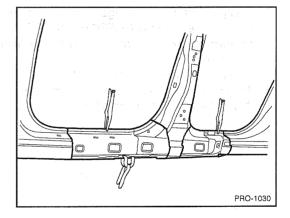


- 6. Determine if the side outer reinforcement is damaged and needs to be replaced, measure cutline on reinforcement as illustration.
- 7. Cut side outer reinforcement along the cutline.
- 8. Drill out spotwelds attaching the side sill outer to the body and remove side sill outer.
- 9. Prepare all surfaces to be welded.



INSTALLATION

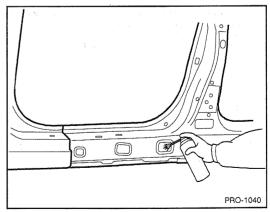
- 1. Transcribe cutline dimension to side sill outer panel, adding 30mm overlap to rear end and cut to length.
- 2. Drill 8mm holes in overlap area on rear end and along front flange.
- 3. Fit and clamp the side outer reinforcement in place.
- 4. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld seams.



5. Before welding the side sill outer panel, apply the two-part epoxy primer and anti-corrosion agent to the welded parts.

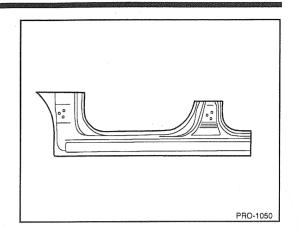
NOTE

The reinforcement will be stronger if the weld traces are not ground.

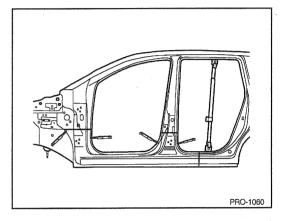


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Side sill (Assembly)

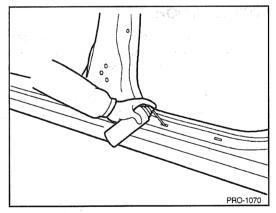
6. Using service panel for replacement of side sill outer panel, drill 8mm holes in overlap areas and along upper and lower flanges.



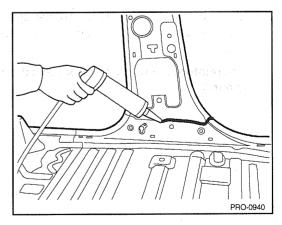
- 7. Crimp flanges on the remaining portion of the side sill outer panel at all joint for overlap.
- 8. Fit and clamp the side sill outer panel in place.
- 9. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld seams.
- 10. Clean and prepare all welds and remove all residue.
- 11. Apply body filler to the side sill outer seams.
- 12. Apply the two-part epoxy primer to the interior of the side sill.



- 13. Apply an anti-corrosion agent to welded parts and interior of the side sill (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 14. Prepare the exterior surfaces for priming, using wax and grease remover.
- 15. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 16. Apply conversion coating and water rinse.
- 17. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.

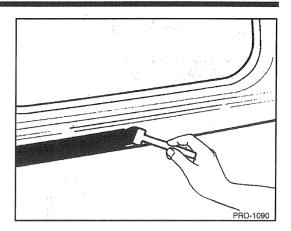


- 18. Apply the correct seam sealer to all joints (Refer to the BODY SEALING LOCATIONS).
- 19. Reprime over the seam sealer.

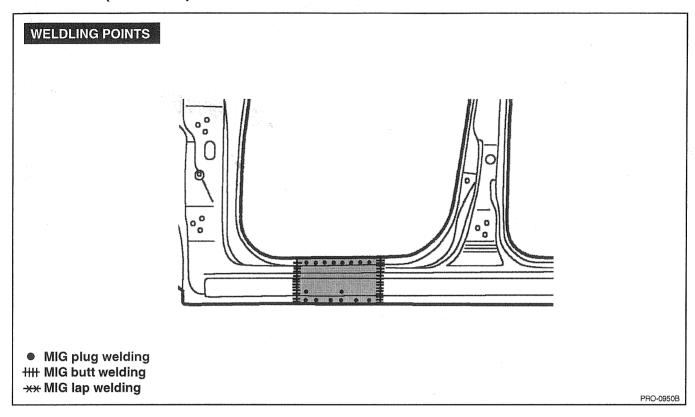


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Side sill (Assembly)

20. Apply the anti-corrosion primer to the side sill outer panel to complete the repair (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).

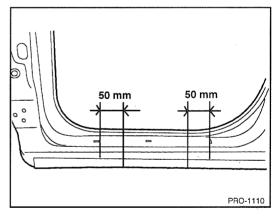


SIDE SILL (PARTIAL)

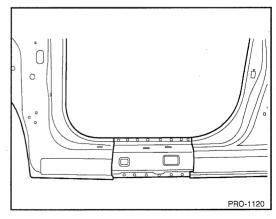


REMOVAL

1. Depending on the extent of damage, mark out the damaged portion of the side sill.

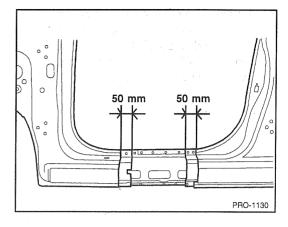


2. Drill out the spotwelds in upper and lower flanges of side sill between cutlines to remove side sill outer panel and cut the damaged portion of the side sill at the cutlines.



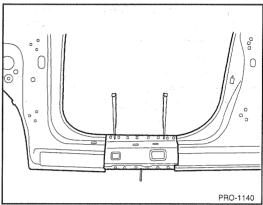
BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Side sill (partial)

- Determine if the side outer reinforcement is damaged and needs to be replaced. If replacing is necessary, mark out the damaged portion of the side outer reinforcement.
 - Cut at cutlines and remove the damaged portion.
- 4. Prepare all surfaces to be welded.



INSTALLATION

- 1. Transcribe the cutline to the new side outer reinforcement, adding 30 mm overlap to each end and cut to length.
- 2. Drill 8 mm holes in overlap areas on each end and upper flange of new side outer reinforcement and clamp.

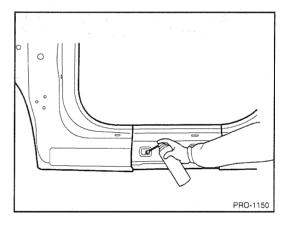


3. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld all seams.

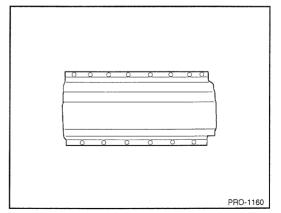
NOTE

The reinforcement will be stronger if the weld traces are not ground.

4. Before welding the side sill outer panel, apply the two part epoxy primer and anti-corrosion agent to the welded parts.

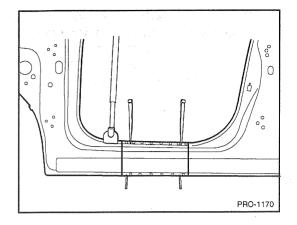


- 5. Transcribe the side sill outer panel cutline to the new side sill, adding 30 mm overlap to each end, cut and chamfer butt end to improve weld surface.
- 6. Drill 8 mm holes in overlap areas on each end and along upper and lower flanges of the new side sill outer panel for MIG plug welding.

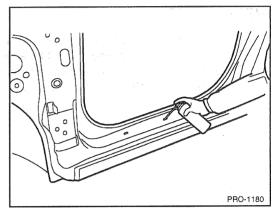


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Side sill (partial)

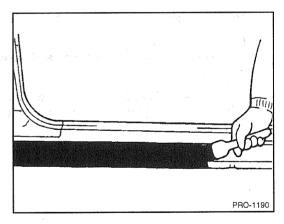
- 7. Fit and clamp the side sill in place.
- 8. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld seams.
- 9. Clean and prepare all welds, removing all residue.
- 10. Apply body filler to the side sill outer seams.
- 11. Apply the two-part epoxy primer to the interior of the side sill.



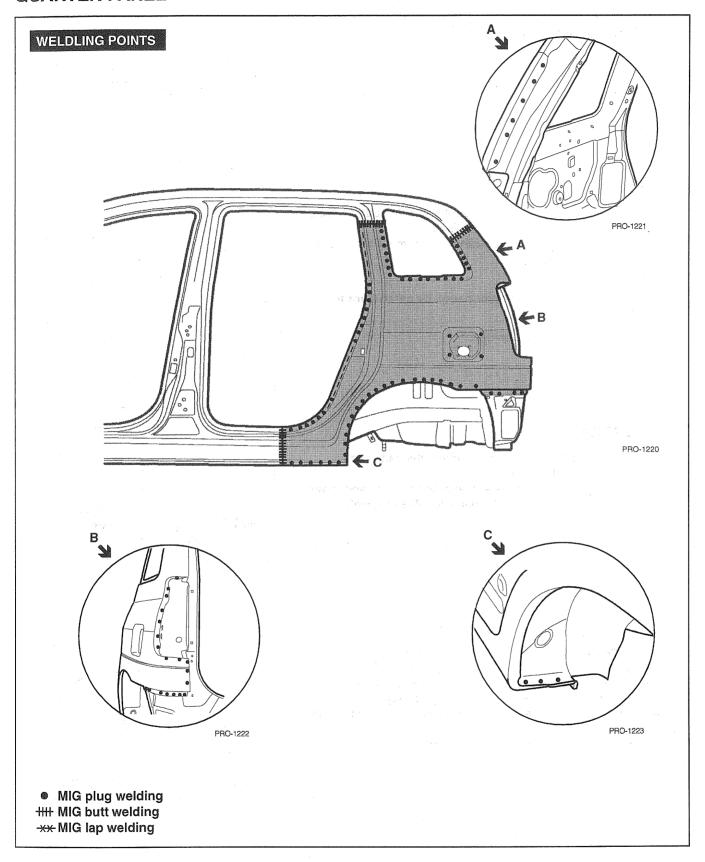
- 12. Apply an anti-corrosion agent to the welded parts and interior of the side sill (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 13. Prepare the exterior surfaces for priming, using wax and grease remover.
- 14. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 15. Apply conversion coating and water rinse.
- 16. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.



17. Apply the anti-corrosion primer to the side sill outer panel to complete the repair (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).

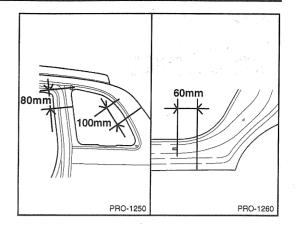


QUARTER PANEL



REMOVAL

1. Depending on the extent of damage, measure and mark cutlines on the quarter outer panel as illustration.

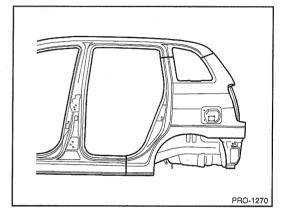


- 2. Drill out all attaching spotwelds on the quarter outer panel, including the seam around the door lip opening.
- 3. Cut the quarter outer panel at cutlines and remove the quarter outer panel as illustration.

NOTE

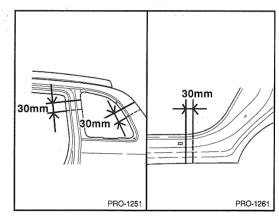
When cutting the quarter outer panel, be careful not to cut quarter inner panel.

4. Prepare all surfaces to be welded.

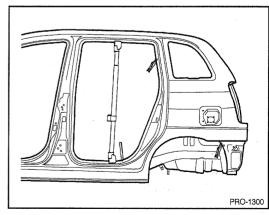


INSTALLATION

- Transcribe the cutline to the new quarter outer panel, adding 30 mm for overlap at the old joint.
- 2. Drill 8 mm holes in overlap areas and along upper and lower flanges of the new quarter outer panel for MIG plug welding.

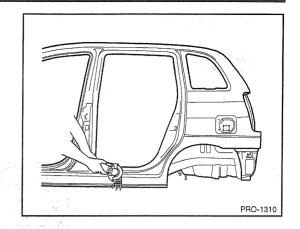


- 3. Fit and clamp the quarter outer panel in place.
- 4. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld seams. At the wheel well the edge must be crimped over the wheel housing. This joint may be welded after crimping or may be made by applying a bead of adhesive may be applied to the joint before or after crimping.
- 5. Clean and prepare all welds, removing all residue.

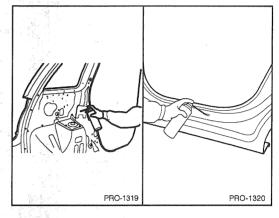


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Quarter panel

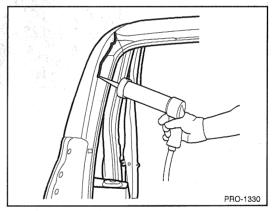
6. Apply body filler to the welded seam. Sand and finish. Apply the two-part epoxy primer to the interior of the quarter outer panel.



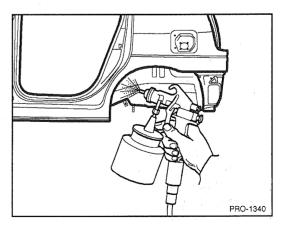
- 7. Apply an anti-corrosion agent to the welded parts and interior of the quarter outer panel (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 8. Prepare exterior surfaces for priming, using wax and grease remover.
- 9. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 10. Apply conversion coating and water rinse.
- 11. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.



- 12. Apply the correct seam sealers to all joints.
- 13. Reprime over the seam sealer to complete the repair.

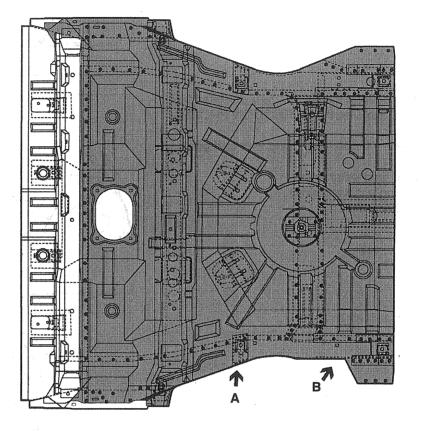


14. In order to improve corrosion resistance, if necessary, apply a under body anti-corrosion agent to the wheel well (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).

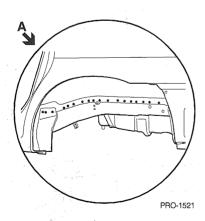


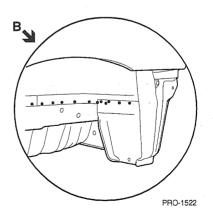
REAR FLOOR

WELDLING POINTS

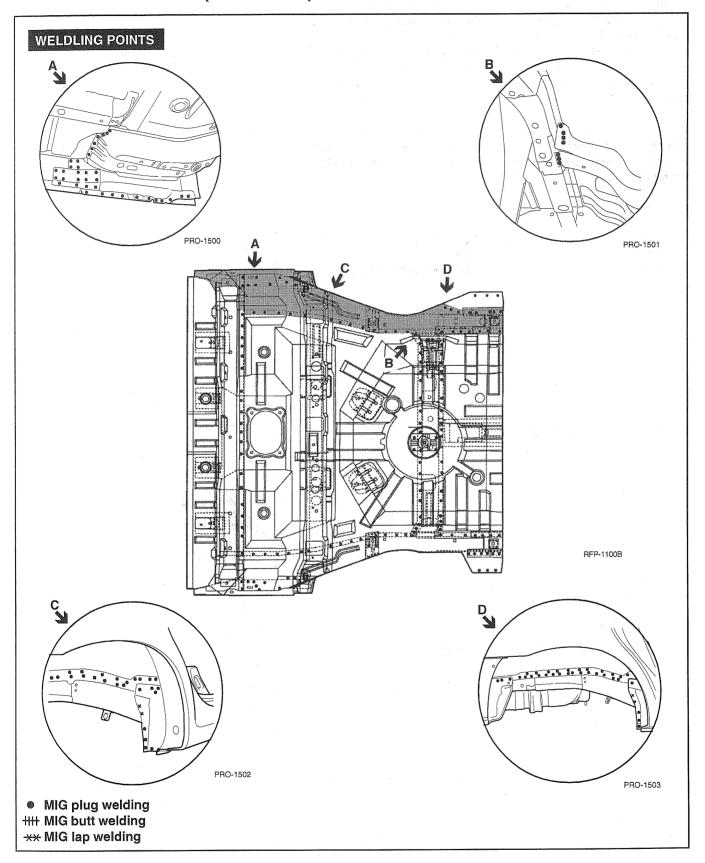


RFP-1100A





REAR SIDE MEMBER (ASSEMBLY)



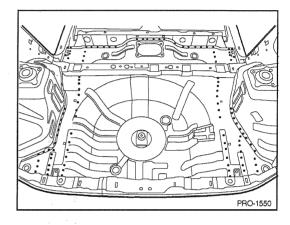
NOTE

Because the rear side members are designed to absorb energy during a rear collision, care must be taken when deciding to use this repair method. This repair is recommended only for moderate damage to vehicle, where distortions do not extend forward of the trunk region. If the damage is more severe, then the entire side member assembly should be replaced at factory seams without employing this sectioning procedure.

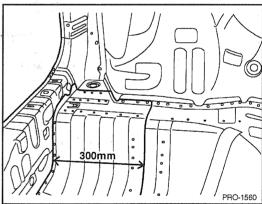
Refer to the body dimension chart and measure the vehicle to determine straigthening and alignment requirements. The body must be returned to its original dimension before beginning the repair procedure.

REMOVAL

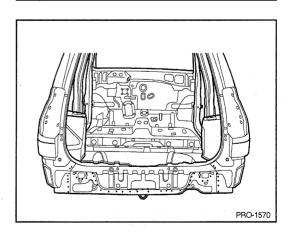
- 1. Drill out all the spotwelds attaching the rear floor panel to the wheel housings and rear side members.
- Make a rough cutting of the rear floor panel where shown in the figure.



3. Remove the rear floor panel.

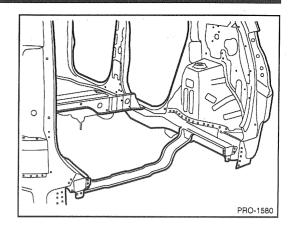


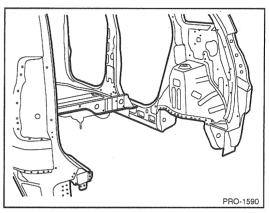
4. Remove the back panel by drilling out all attaching spotwelds.



BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Rear floor and rear side member (assembly)

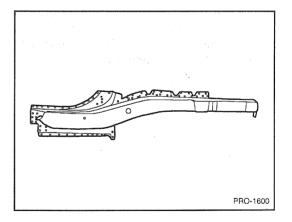
5. Remove the rear floor panel (rear section) and rear side member from the rear body.





INSTALLATION

 Transcribe the cutline to the new rear side members. Drill out the spotwelds attaching the inner reinforcements. Remove remaining portions of side members.

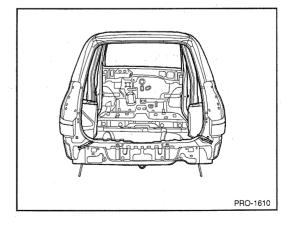


2. Temporarily fit and clamp the rear side members in place.

NOTE

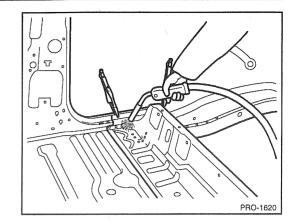
When installing the rear floor side member, temporarily install the rear and outer cross member to measure each measurement point.

- 3. Measure each measurement point (Refer to BODY DIMEN-SIONS) and correct the installation position.
- 4. If necessary, make temporarily welds, and then check to confirm that the fit of rear floor panel is correct.

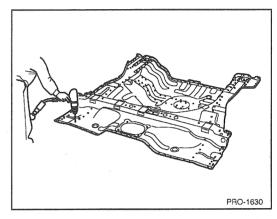


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Rear floor and rear side member (assembly)

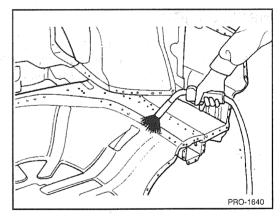
- 5. MIG plug weld the rear side members and MIG butt weld seams.
- 6. Prepare the welds and surfaces to which the rear floor will attach.



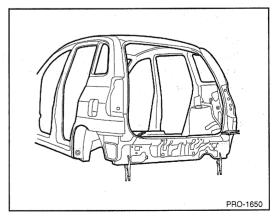
- 7. Transcribe the cutline to the new rear floor panel, adding 30mm for overlap at the old joint.
- 8. Drill 8mm holes in overlap area and production locations of the new rear floor panel for MIG plug welding.



- 9. Fit and clamp the rear floor panel and attach the rear floor panel to the rear side members and other panels.
- 10. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld the seams.
- 11. Clean all welded surfaces.

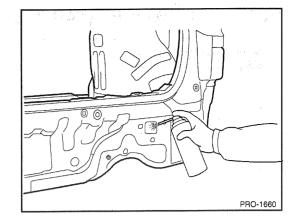


- 12. Drill 8 mm holes on the flange attaching the back panel to the rear floor and side member ends.
- 13. Fit and clamp the back panel in place.
- 14. MIG plug weld the back panel.
- 15. Clean and prepare all welds, remove all residue.
- 16. Apply the two-part epoxy primer to the interior of the rear side members.

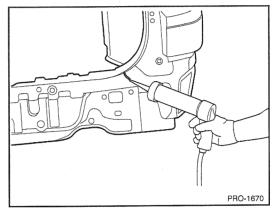


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Rear floor and rear side member (assembly)

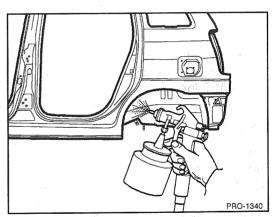
- 17. Apply an anti-corrosion to the interior of the rear side members (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 18. Prepare exterior surfaces for priming, using wax and grease remover.
- 19. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 20. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.



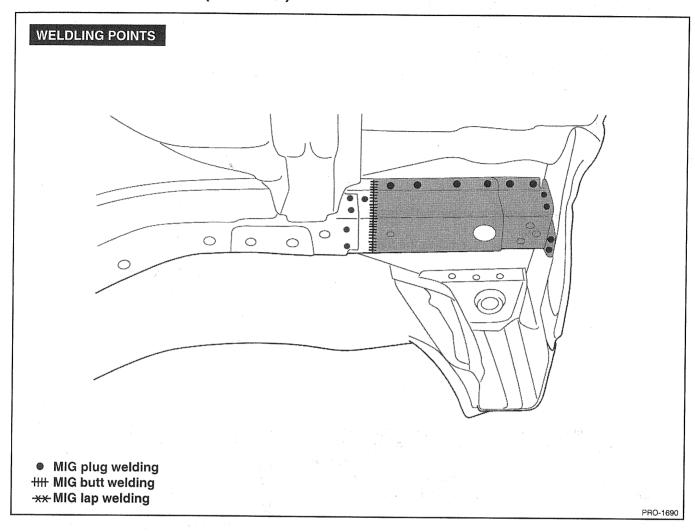
- 21. Apply the correct seam sealer to all joints (Refer to the BODY SEALING LOCATIONS).
- 22. Reprime over the seam sealer to complete the repair.



- 23. After completing body repairs, carefully apply under coating to the under body (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 24. In order to improve corrosion resistance, if necessary, apply an under body anti-corrosion agent to the panel which is repaired or replaced (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).



REAR SIDE MEMBER (PARTIAL)



REMOVAL

NOTE

Because the rear side members are designed to absorb energy during a rear collision, care must be used when deciding to use this repair method. This repair is recommended only for moderate damage to the vehicle, where distortions do not extend forward of the trunk region. If the damage is more severe, then the entire side member assembly should be replaced at the factory seams without employing this sectioning procedure.

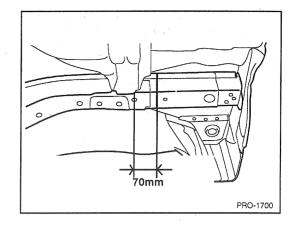
The following procedure applys when only one rear side member needs to be replaced. If both side members are damaged and need to be replaced, then the procedure of Rear Side members And Rear Floor Section should be followed.

Refer to the body dimension charts and measure the vehicle to determine straightening and alignment requirements. The body must be returned to its original dimensions before beginning the repair procedure.

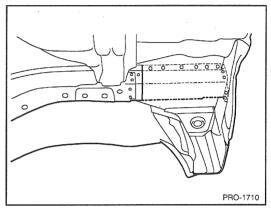
1. Depending on the extent of damage, if the right side member is to be replaced it should be measured and marked 70mm from the tooling hole center of the rear floor center crossmember.

NOTE

The flowing procedure illustrates a repair for the right rear side member. The procedure may also be applied the left rear side member.

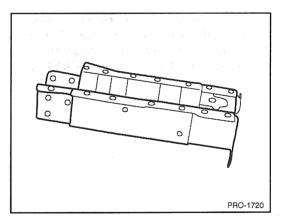


- 2. Cut through rear side member at cutline being careful.
- 3. Removing the rear floor side member by drilling out all attaching spotwelds.
- 4. Prepare all surfaces to be welded.

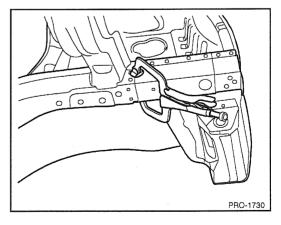


INSTALLATION

1. Transcribe the cutline to the new rear side member. Cut at line and drill out the spotwelds attaching the inner reinforcement and separate it.

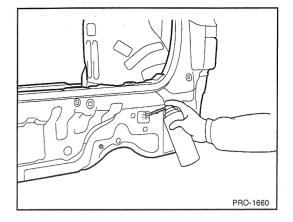


- 2. Fit and clamp the new rear side member in place for welding. Measure to ensure dimensions are accurate as given in the body dimension charts.
- 3. MIG plug weld at the holes and MIG butt weld the seam in the side member.
- Clean and prepare all surfaces to be welded and remove all residue.
- 5. Apply the two-part epoxy primer to the interior of the rear side member.

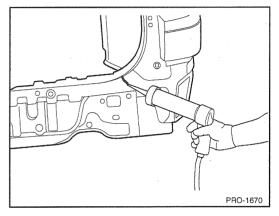


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Rear side member (Partial)

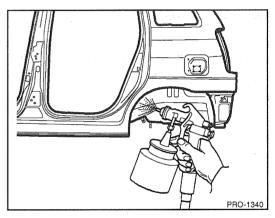
- 6. Apply an anti-corrosion to the interior of the rear side member (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 7. Prepare exterior surfaces for priming, using wax and grease remover.
- 8. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 9. Apply conversion coating and water rinse.
- 10. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.



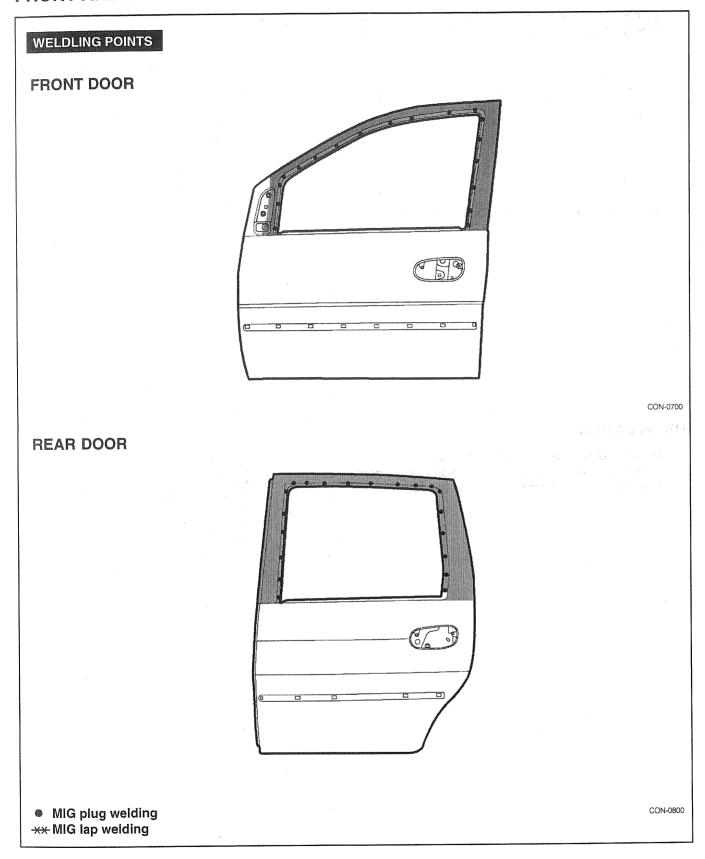
- 11. Apply the correct seam sealer to all joints (Refer to the BODY SEALING LOCATIONS).
- 12. Reprime over the seam sealer to complete the repair.



- 13. After completing body repairs, carefully apply under coating to the under body (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 14. In order to improve corrosion agent to the panel which is repaired or replaced (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).

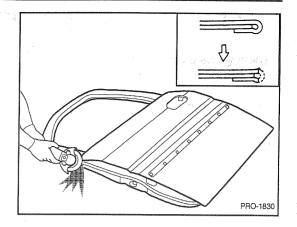


FRONT AND REAR DOOR OUTER PANELS

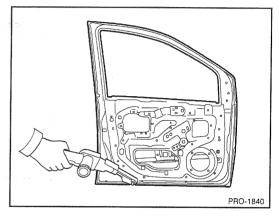


REMOVAL

- 1. Cut door outer panel hem with a sander.
- 2. After grinding off the hemming location, remove the outer panel.

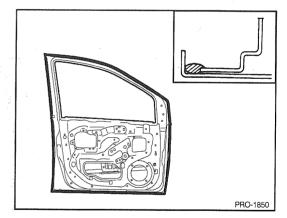


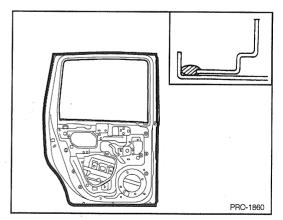
3. Dress rusty part with a sander and prepare surface to be hemmed.



INSTALLATION

- 1. Apply adhesive or equivalent to outer panel hem.
- 2. Apply mastic sealer or equivalent to the door upper member and door reinforcement beam as shown in the figure.

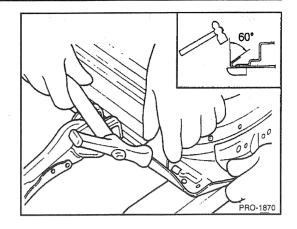


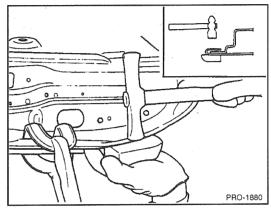


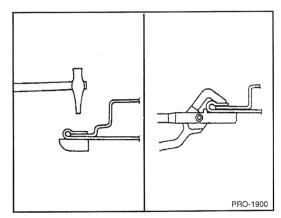
3. Bend the flange hem with a hammer and dolly, then fasten tightly with a hemming tool.

NOTE

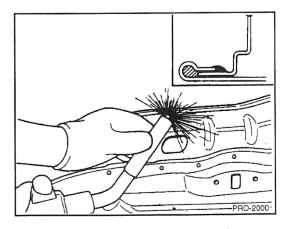
- 1. Hemming work should be done in three steps as illustration.
- 2. If a hemming tool cannot be used, hem with a hammer and dolly.





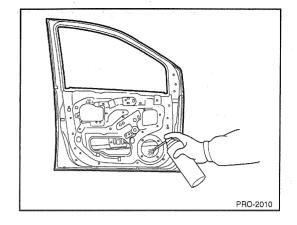


- 4. After completing the hemming work, make MIG spot welds at 50 mm intervals on the inside.
- 5. Clean and prepare all welds, remove all residue.
- 6. Apply the two-part epoxy primer to the interior of the door panel.

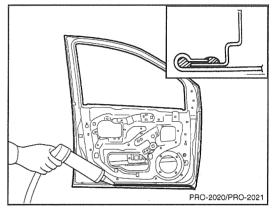


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Front and rear door outer panels

- 7. Apply an anti-corrosion agent to the welded parts and lower inside of the door panel (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 8. Prepare exterior surfaces for priming, using wax and grease remover.
- 9. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 10. Apply conversion coating and water rinse.
- 11. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.



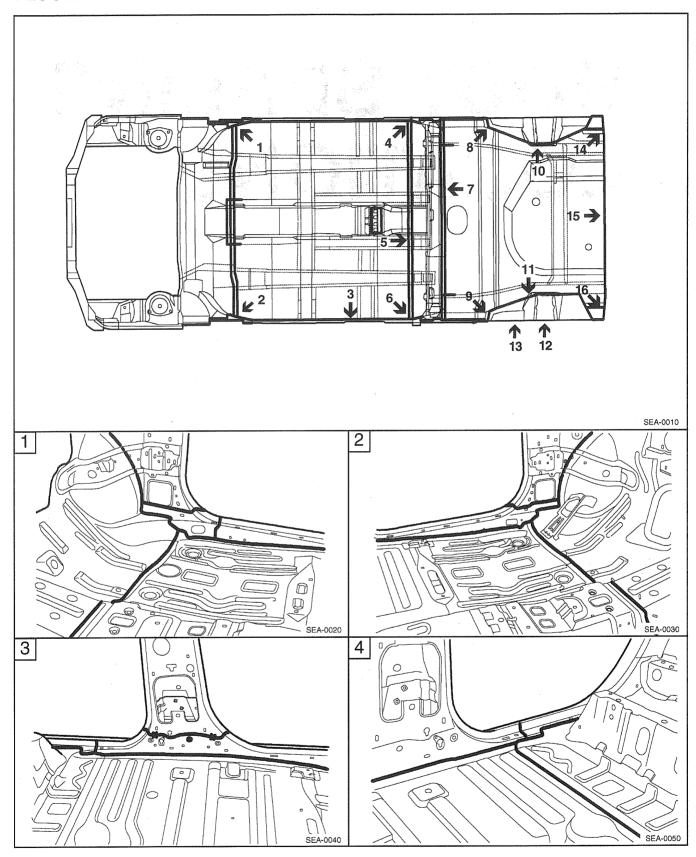
- 12. Apply the correct seam sealer to whole panel edge.
- 13. Reprime over the seam sealer to complete the repair.

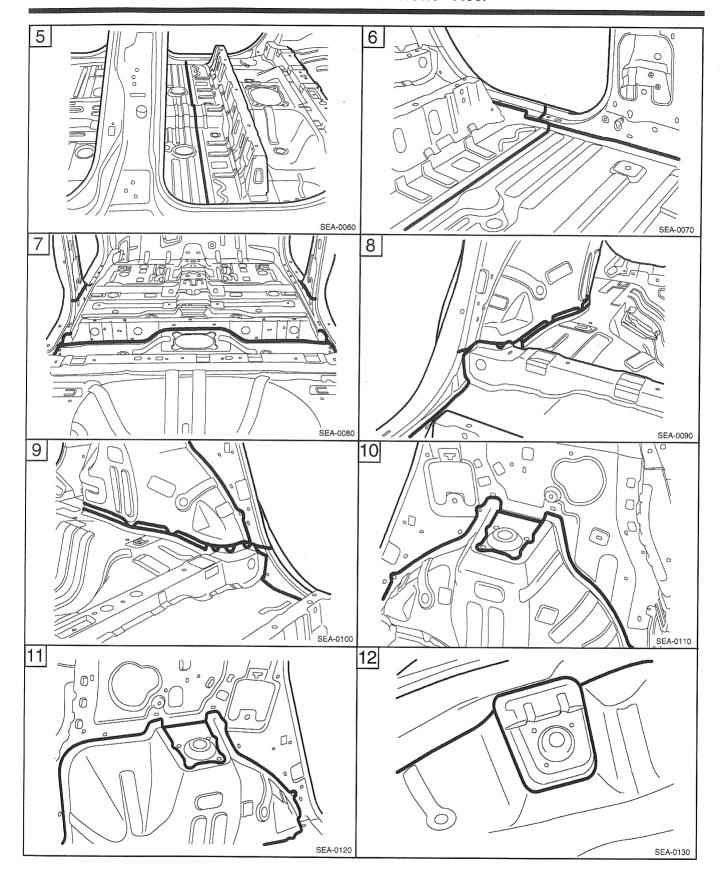


BODY SEALING LOCATIONS

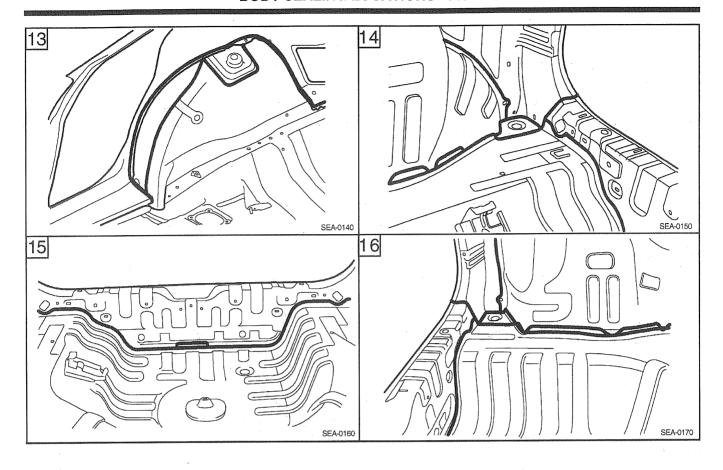
BS

FLOOR

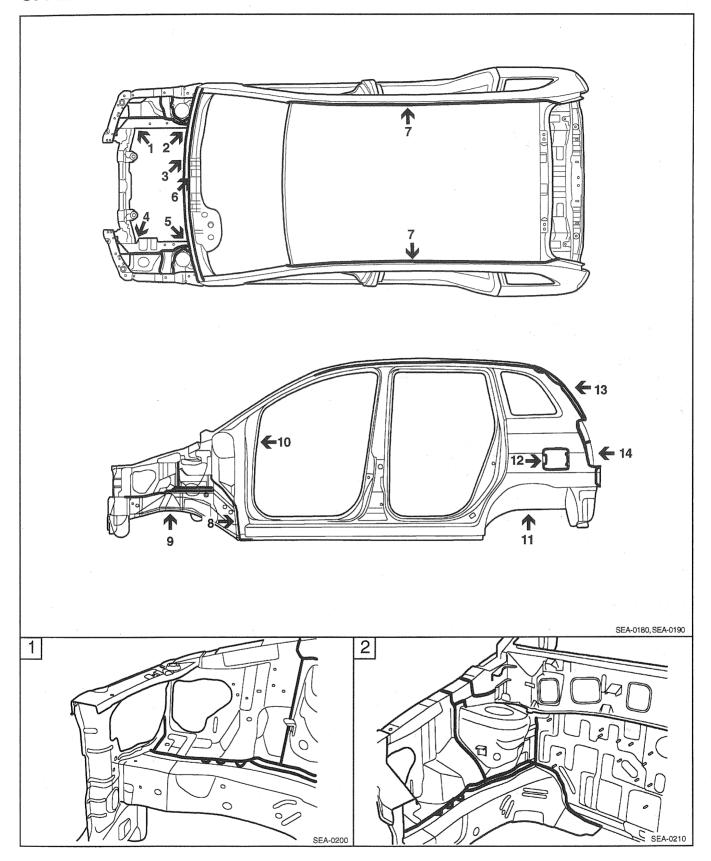


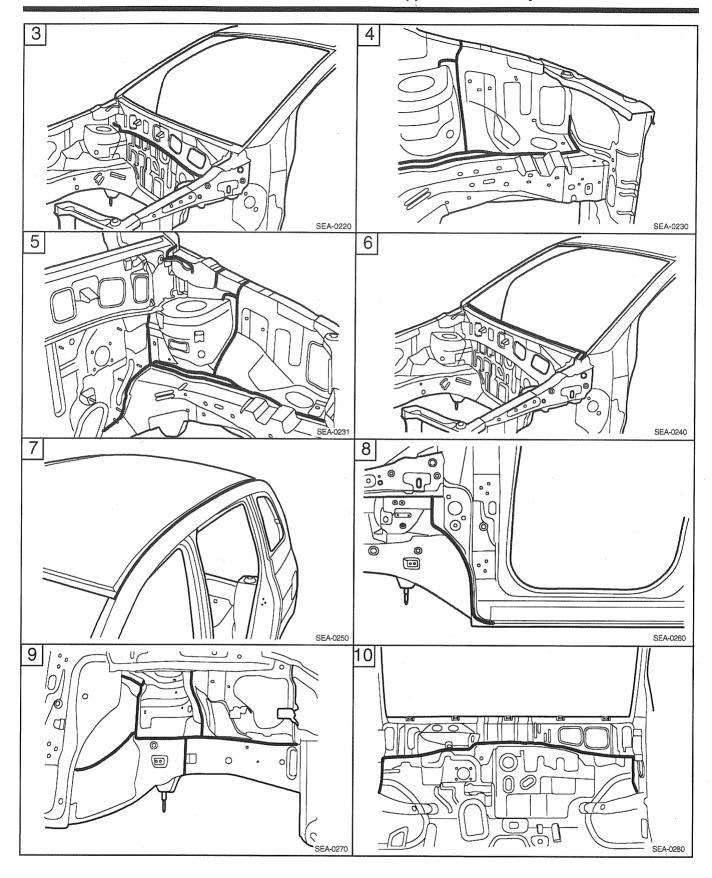


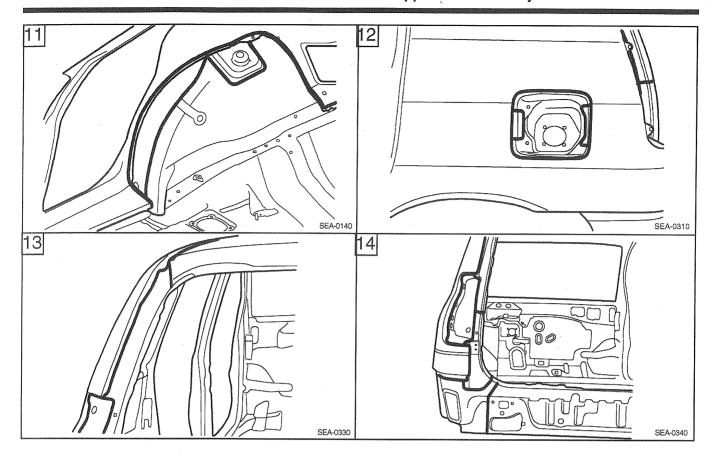
BODY SEALING LOCATIONS - Floor



UPPER AND SIDE BODY







CORROSION PROTECTION



ZINC-GALVANIZED STEEL PANELS

Because galvanized steel panel has excellent resistance, it is used in areas which have a high possibility of painting deficiency below.



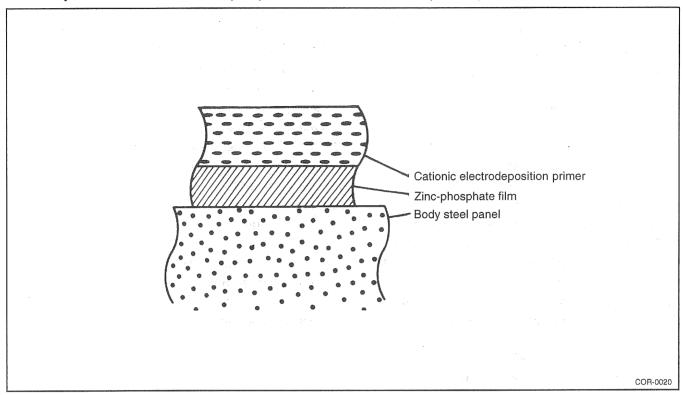
CORROSION PROTECTION - Zinc-galvanized steel panels

- 1. Head lamp support panel(LH/RH)
- 2. Radiator support upper side member(LH/RH)
- 3. Radiator lower inner extension (LH/RH)
- 4. Radiator lower outer member
- 5. Radiator support center member
- 6. Dash panel
- 7. Fender apron outer member (LH/RH)
- 8. Fender apron inner panel (LH/RH)
- 9. Fender apron inner front bracket(LH/RH)
- 10. Front shock absorber cover panel(LH/RH)
- 11. Fender apron to cowl gusset(LH/RH)
- 12. Fender apron outer member (LH/RH)
- 13. Front side inner member(LH/RH)
- 14. Front side rear lower member(LH/RH)
- 15. Front side member inner rear reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 16. Front side member rear lower extension(LH/RH)
- 17. Front side member inner front reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 18. Front side outer member
- 19. Front side member outer front extension(LH/RH)
- 20. Front side rear upper member(LH/RH)
- 21. Center floor panel
- 22. Center floor side outer member
- 23. Center floor front cross center member
- 24. Center floor rear cross center member
- 25. Parking brake lever mounting reinforcement
- 26. Parking brake cable mounting bracket
- 27. Side sill inner panel (LH/RH)
- 28. Rear floor panel
- 29. Rear towing hook bracket
- 30. Rear seat rear mounting member
- 31. Rear floor center cross member
- 32. Rearfloor side member(LH/RH)
- 33. Rear bumper mounting reinforcement
- 34. Rear side member reinforcement
- 35. Side sill inner rear panel(LH/RH)
- 36. Rear floor front extension
- 37. Center floor side member rear extension(LH/RH)
- 38. Fuel tank front mounting bracket
- 39. Fender panel (LH/RH)
- 40. Cowl front outer panel
- 41. Cowl side outer panel(LH/RH)
- 42. Cowlinner lower panel
- 43. Cowl side inner lower panel (LH/RH)
- 44. Cowl inner bulk head
- 45. Back panel

- 46. Rear transverse member
- 47. Side outerpanel(LH/RH)
- 48. Quarter outer rear lower extension (LH/RH)
- 49. Side outer reinforcement(LH/RH)
- 50. Front door upper mounting reinforcement (LH/RH)
- 51. Rear combination lamp housing panel(LH/RH)
- 52. Side inner panel (LH/RH)
- 53. Wheel house inner panel (LH/RH)
- 54. Rear spring house cover(LH/RH)
- 55. Wheel house inner front extension (LH/RH)
- 56. Wheel house inner rear extension(LH/RH)
- 57. Quarter inner lower panel (LH/RH)
- 58. Hood outer panel
- 59. Hood inner panel
- 60. Hood outer rail
- 61. Tail gate outer panel
- 62. Front door outer panel (LH/RH)
- 63. Front door inner panel (LH/RH)
- 64. Rear door lower beam (LH/RH)
- 65. Rear door inner panel (LH/RH)

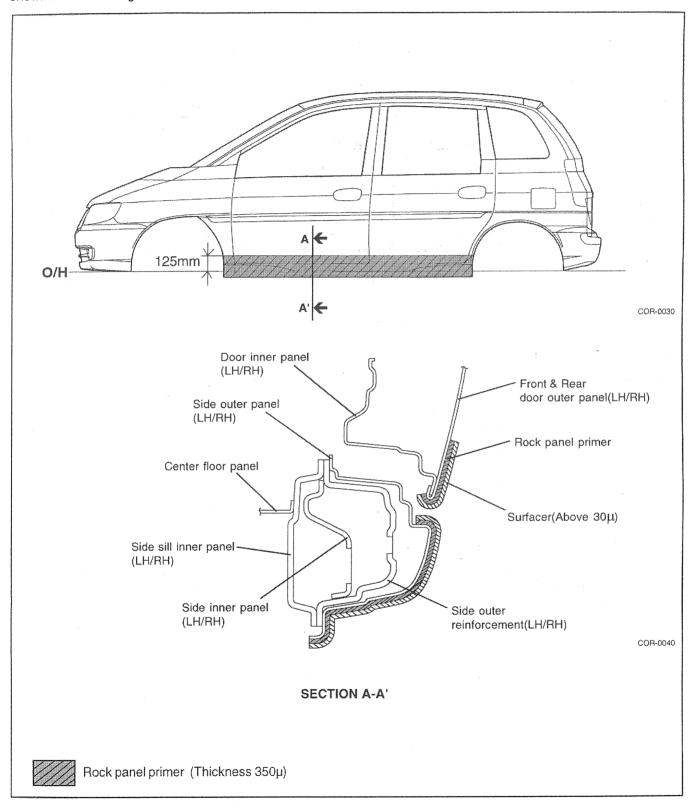
ZINC-PHOSPHATE COAT & CATIONIC ELECTRODEPOSITION PRIMER

In order to improve the adhesion of the paint coat on the steel panel, and also to improve the corrosion resistance, the entire body is coated with a film of Zinc-phosphate and a cationic electrodeposition primer.

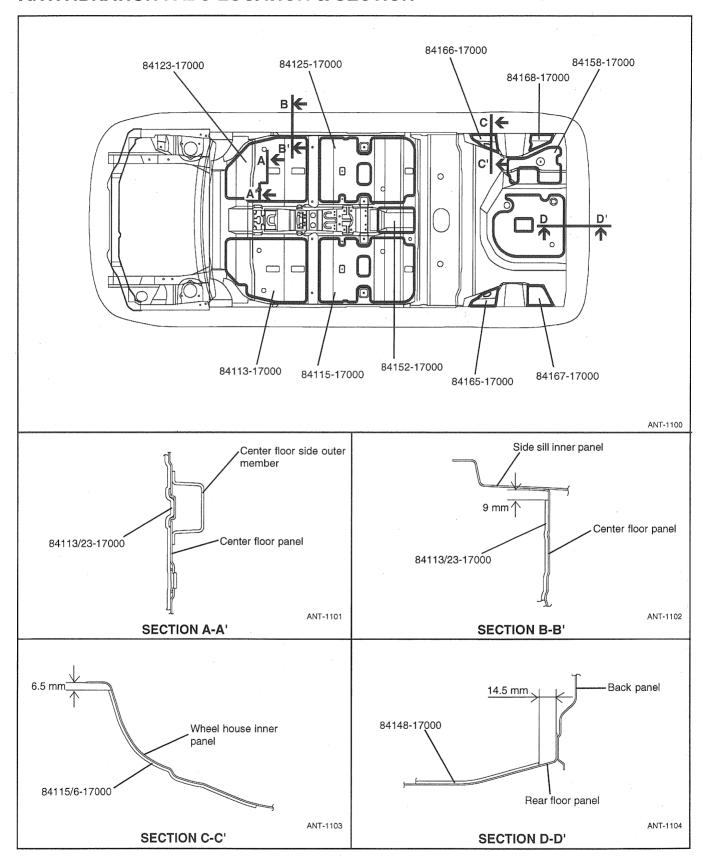


ANTI-CORROSION PRIMER

An anti-corrosion primer has been applied to the side sill outer panel for the purposes of corrosion prevention and abrasion protection. If this panel is replaced, apply an anti-corrosion primer between the undercoat and the intermediate coat, as shown in the following illustrations.

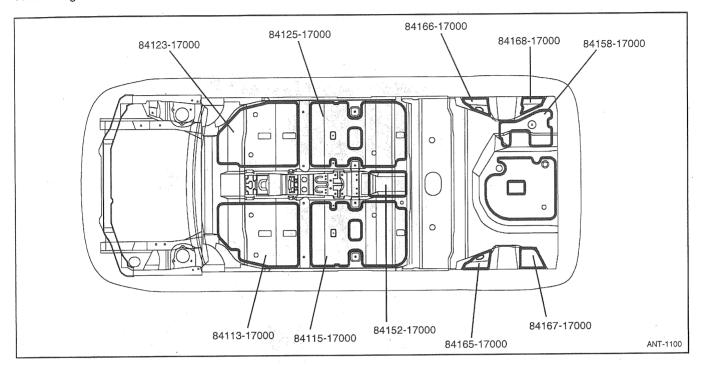


ANTIVIBRATION PADS-LOCATION & SECTION

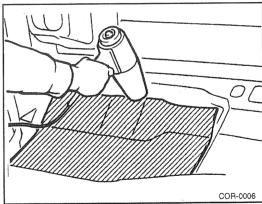


ATTACHMENT OF ANTIVIBRATION PADS

Antivibration pads are attached to the upper surface of the floor and at the interior side of the dash panel in order to absorb vibrations and shut out exhaust gas heat. If these antivibration pads are peeled off in the course of replacement or repair of a welded panel, cut and attach replacement material (in the shape shown in the figure). For detailed information concerning the locations where antivibration pads are to be attached for individual models, refer to the figure below.



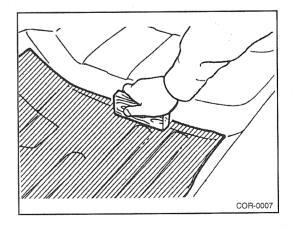
1. Heat the "antivibration pad" with a blow drier to soften it.



2. Align the antivibration pad layer in the position where it is to be installed, and then press it down with a roller or a block of wood so that it adheres well.

NOTE

An infrared lamp can also be used to heat both the antivibration pad layer and the body panels (be sure to wear gloves).

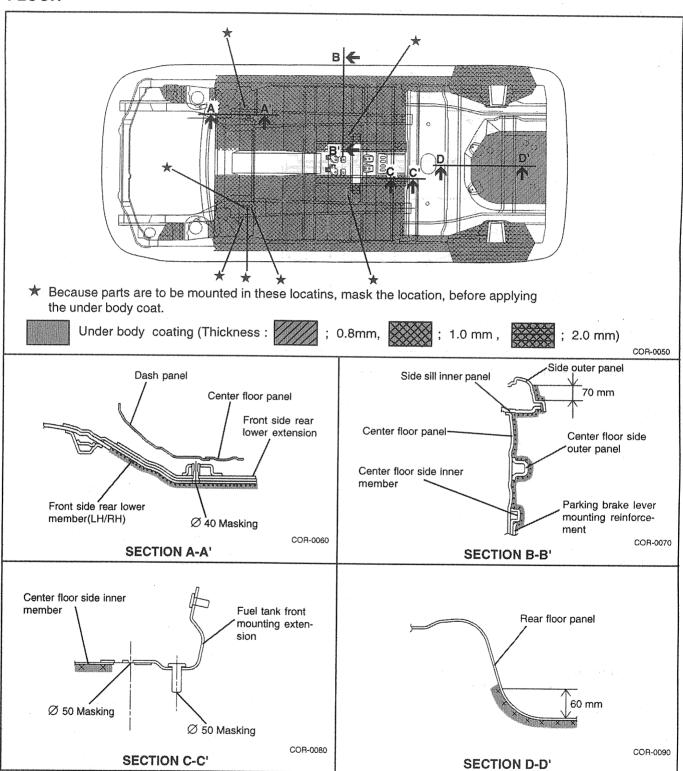


UNDER BODY COAT

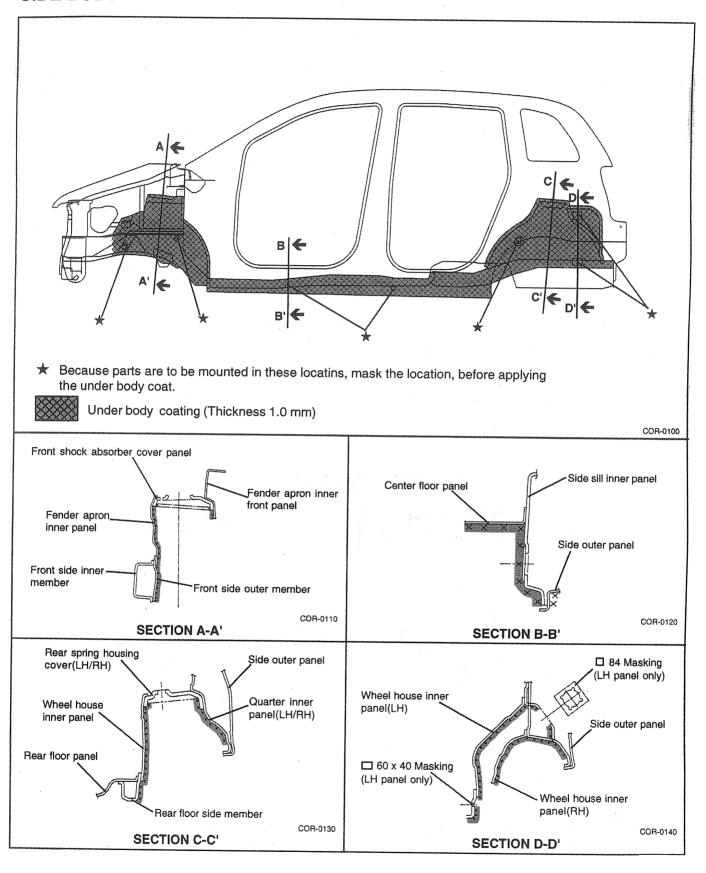
In order to provide corrosion, stone chipping and vibration resistance, and under body coat is applied to the under sides of the floor and wheel house.

Therefore, when such panel is replaced or repaired, apply under body coat to that part.

FLOOR

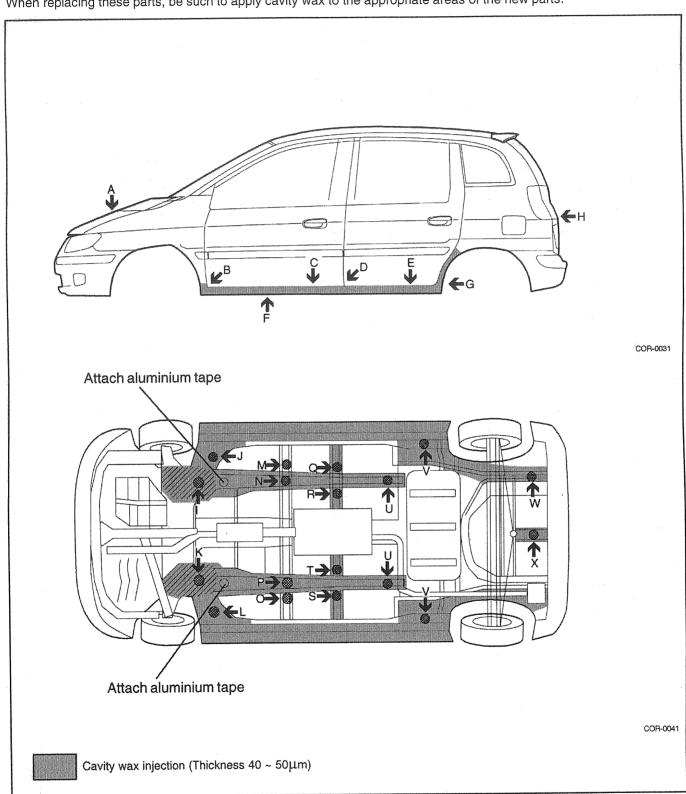


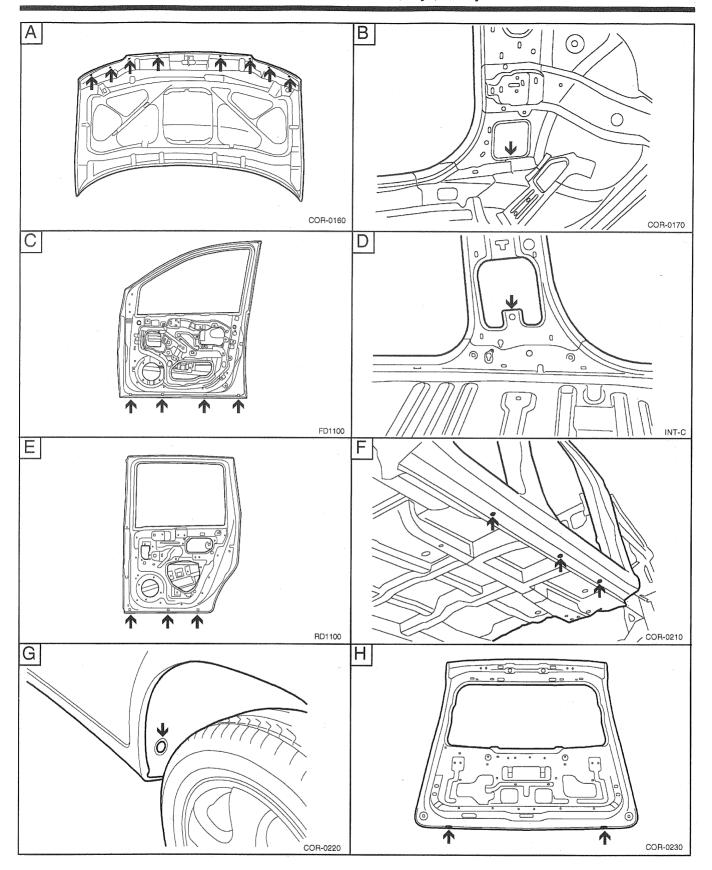
SIDE BODY

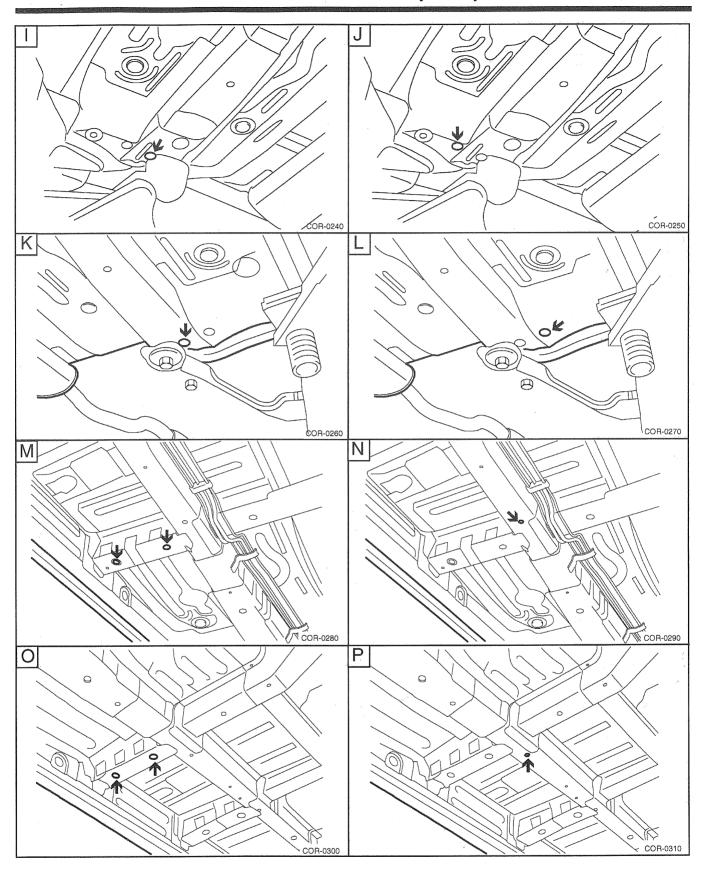


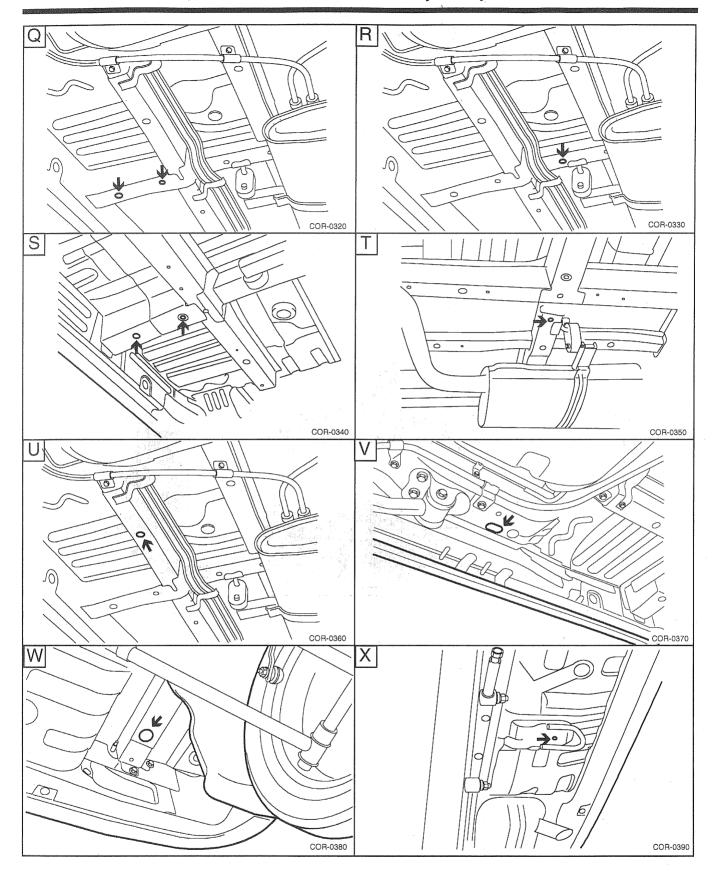
CAVITY WAX INJECTION

In order to provide greater corrosion resistance, cavity wax injection has been performed for the lower areas of the vehicle, such as the sidemember, the side sill and the inside of other panels which are a hollow construction. When replacing these parts, be such to apply cavity wax to the appropriate areas of the new parts.







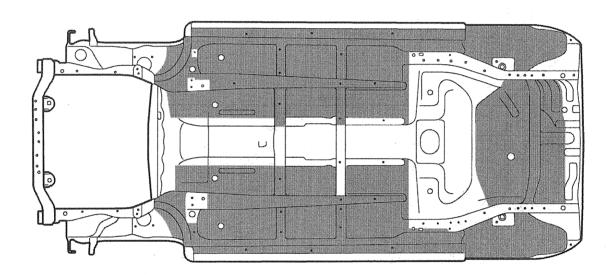


UNDER BODY ANTI-CORROSION AGENT

The undersides of the floor and wheel house are undercoated to provide greater corrosion resistance. Therefore, when such panel is replaced or repaired, apply under body anti-corrosion agent to that part.

NOTE

Do not apply the under body anti-corrosion agent to come in contact with tires, muffler and exhaust pipe.



Under body anti-corrosion agent (Thickness 1.0 ~ 2.0mm)

UNDER-2